W. H. PERRY,
Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

FOR THAT
"After the Ball" Feeling
JONES'
BEEF, IRON AND WINE.
36 Gov't St. Always open.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1893. No. 292

XMAS PRESENTS.

Davidson Bros., The Jewellers,

....ARE RUNNING OFF....

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry Silverware and Novelties at immense reductions for Cash.

SELECT YOUR PRESENTS EARLY, BEFORE THE RUSH BEGINS.

IT IS A MISTAKE

To suppose that you can do as well purchasing from one store as another. There is quite a difference in prices and there is a bigger difference in the stocks carried by different clothing houses.

We handle Clothing in larger quantities than any other stores. Consequently buy cheaper, and have a better selection. Although trade is dull we have sold more Clothing this year than ever before. Why? Because---

OUR STOCK IS THE LARGEST
OUR GOODS THE BEST
OUR PRICES THE LOWEST

Gilmore & McCandless,
35 and 37 Johnson Street.

2

Days only remain of the Westside's great Unreserved Sale with

20 per cent. Off for Cash.

This discount applies to the entire stock.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

'Tis Sweet to court, but, oh, how bitter!
To court a girl whose shoes don't fit her.

BUT

There will be no bitterness if the girl has bought her shoes at Erskine's.
His shoes are stylish, moderate priced, and everybody can get perfect fitting shoes from him.

Time—A.D. 1893.
Place—Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—On the old Esquimalt road, nar Catherine street, a bag containing sailors' effects. Finder please leave at 71 Yates street. d13-3t

A DISSOLVING VIEW ENTERTAINMENT will be given by the Spiritualists Society in Pioneer Hall, on Thursday evening. Subject: "A Trip Through Colorado," also "The Fur Seals on the Rookeries in the Behring Sea." About 150 slides in all. A rare treat. Admission 25c.; children 10c. Dec13-2t

WANTED—To borrow, $3000 for 2 years, at 8 per cent on first mortgage security. Address Box O, Times office. d13-3t

CORDWOOD TIMBER for Sale. John Vanbreight, Gordon Head. dec13-1w

Australian Mutton

300 CARCASES
—OF—
Choice Australian Mutton
Ex Steamship Arawa.
Wholesale and Retail
—AT THE—
CITY MARKET.

The quality is very superior and the prices will be reasonable.

Atlantic Steamship Agency

CHEAP RATES
To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF ATLANTIC SAILINGS.

(From Halifax.)

Allan Line, Numidian	Dec. 23
Allan Line, Laurentian	Jan. 6
Dominion Line, Labrador	Dec. 16
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Dec. 30

(From New York.)

Cunard Line, Etruria	Dec. 16
Cunard Line, Campania	Dec. 23
White Star Line, Teutonic	Dec. 20
White Star Line, Adriatic	Dec. 27
American Line, New York	Dec. 13
American Line, Paris	Dec. 20
N. Ger. Lloyd, Havel	Dec. 19
Anchor, Ethiopia	Dec. 16
Red Star, Waesland	Dec. 20
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Dec. 21

For cheap rates and all other information apply to
GEO L. COURTNEY,
General Agent.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

FALSE WITNESSING.

A Spiteful Man Gets Four Others Imprisoned for Life.

Jackson, Mich., Dec. 13.—A year and a half ago William Repke made a confession that he together with August Grossman, Henry Jacobs, Charles Doegder and August Freeman, shot and killed Robert Moliter near Alpena sixteen years before. All those men were tried and convicted on Repke's testimony, and all are serving life sentences in the states prison in this city. Repke said yesterday: "On the day before I was arrested forest fires burned up all I had saved in 17 years. I think I must have been crazy. Then I got drunk. Then I had a row with Henry Banks. He said to me I was like a madman. I said, 'You killed Moliter, and I will tell on you.' The deputy sheriff heard me and took me before the prosecuting attorney. I told anything that came into my head. I thought when Grossman was tried he would have witnesses to clear him, but he was convicted. Then the others were convicted and I was sent here for life. This story I now tell is the truth. I tell it so that the others may some time get out. As God is my judge, none of these men who are here are guilty. No one is guilty but me, and I swore falsely." There is little doubt that the other men will be granted a new trial on this confession.

All Four Killed.

Nyack, N. Y., Dec. 13.—Two men who started to drive to Haverstraw last night with a team of horses were found dead, together with the horses, on the railroad track this morning. It is believed they fell from the bridge over the railroad.

If you would be prepared for cholera take the best possible care of your general health. If your tongue is coated use Escljay's Liver Lozenges.

---We Carry the choicest Wines in the market. California Wine Co., Ltd., 55 and 57 Broad street.

INDIA'S TREASURY.

Debate in the Imperial House on the Second Reading

OF TEN MILLION INDIAN LOAN BILL

The Money is Necessary to Meet Losses Arising

From Closing of Indian Mints—Sir William Temple Wants India to Have a Fair Chance—Sir John Lubbock Fears a Relapse Into Barter—End of the Louisana Lottery.

London, Dec. 13.—In the house of commons today, G. E. Russell, after reference to India's treasury, moved the second reading of the bill providing for an Indian loan of £10,000,000. He said this was necessary to meet certain payments in gold in England and losses arising from the closing of the Indian mints. Sir William Temple seconded the motion and said India ought to be given a fair chance to successfully carry out the closing of the mints. Sir John Lubbock said it was the obvious consequence of the continued importation of silver into India that bullion should now be utilized where coin was previously used. He feared the people might relapse into barter.

End of the Great Lottery.

New Orleans, Dec. 13.—The last legal drawing of the Louisiana lottery occurred to-day. The company was chartered during the reconstruction for 25 years. It controlled the politics of the state until two years ago, when its candidates were defeated.

An Official Chamber.

Montevideo, Dec. 13.—The result of the recent election in this country has just been officially declared. The new chamber of deputies will consist entirely of the nominees of the official or administrative party.

For Fear of Anarchists.

London, Dec. 13.—Rt. Hon. Geo. Shaw-Lefebvre, first commissioner of works, will be asked by the house of commons to erect a wire netting in front of the strangers' gallery to prevent the throwing of bombs.

Dublin, Dec. 13.—Extra precautions were taken last night in Dublin and vicinity because of the warning received by the authorities to guard against dynamite outrages. The guards about the public buildings were increased and all night patrols did duty inside and outside all the barracks. Nothing occurred.

Stead on Drink.

Chicago, Dec. 13.—Mr. Stead spoke on the temperance question yesterday. His speech was an arraignment of the methods of temperance workers. He said they called the well-regulated saloon the worst. He thought the worst was the one that permitted gambling and other vices. Instead of waiting for saloons to get so bad that every one would be against them, he was in favor of using the maximum of available force against the weakest points, namely, the disreputable saloons. It was no crime to drink a glass of wine, he said, and it was no crime to sell wine. The prohibition law, he said, could never succeed in stopping the sale of liquor.

Powder Factory Blows Up.

London, Dec. 13.—The government gunpowder factory at Waltham Abbey blew up to-day. One man was killed and eight seriously injured.

Curtis Bribery Case.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—The grand jury has not yet returned any indictments in the Curtis bribery case. They will meet on Friday, when it is generally believed one or more indictments will be returned.

Thurston is Reticent.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—Lorin A. Thurston, Hawaiian minister to the U.S., who arrived from Washington yesterday, received a bundle of dispatches this morning which arrived late last night by the steamer Oceanic. The minister declined to disclose their contents until he had read them himself, and refused to discuss the present situation. When asked if he would go down to Honolulu by the Alameda, sailing on Friday, Mr. Thurston was unable to give any definite answer.

Hostilities in Rio Bay.

Washington, Dec. 13.—The navy department has received a cable from Rio de Janeiro which says that the big battle that was expected in the harbor has begun. Admiral Da Gama, one of the insurgents commanders is at Ilha das Cobras and Ilha de Enchadas, and is continually firing on the custom house and the naval arsenal.

Thirty Passengers Drowned.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—The steamship Oceanic brought the news that the Japanese steamship Matsuyemaru struck on the rocks while bound for Shonohara on Nov. 15th, and foundered. Thirty passengers were drowned.

Fist-Footed for Annexation.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Wilson presented in the House today a joint resolution in favor of annexing the Hawaiian Islands. The preamble recites the advantages which would arise from annexation.

Inequalities of Justice.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 13.—In the same federal court in Omaha in which Charles Mosher was, as president of the Capital National Bank of Lincoln, sentenced to the penitentiary for five years recently for stealing a million dollars, A. de France of South Dakota was sentenced for life for stealing one copper cent. Two months ago de France rode into Chadron, Neb., and robbed the mail carrier. His crime netted him one cent. He was caught and pleaded guilty. The statutes provide no smaller penalty for his crime than life imprisonment.

Takes Defeat Philosophically.

Dubuque, Ia., Dec. 13.—Jesse P. Farley, who has been beaten in the great Kittson suit, involving millions, was seen to-day. The old man is now past 80 and takes his defeat philosophically. He was at one time offered $100,000 to settle, but an adverse lower decision was announced before he decided to accept. He has spent many thousands of dollars in prosecuting his suit, and is now a comparatively poor man.

EASTERN CANADA.

A Sudden Death—Lungs of Diseased Cattle Examined.

Kingston, Ont., Dec. 13.—John McDonald, aged 80, was found dead in his house in Olden township, where he lived alone. While lighting the fire he was seized with heart disease and tumbled to the floor. His death occurred three or four days before the body was discovered. He was a man of considerable means.

Ottawa, Dec. 13.—The reports of Dr. McEachren and Dr. Adami of the examination of a portion of the lungs and the microscopic slides forwarded from the office of the high commissioner at London, with alleged portions of diseased lungs of Canadian cattle from the steamship Lake Winnipeg and the steamship Huronia were received by the government to-day. Dr. McEachren's report goes into the matter in detail, describing the appearance of the lung. In conclusion he says: "I have no hesitation in concurring, nor have I any difficulty in delivering the opposite conclusion to that arrived at by Professor Brown of England, that the pathological differences clearly point to a different disease, and the non-contagiousness of this disease as illustrated by the case of the Huronia, on board of which were 750 susceptible cattle, yet not a single animal was infected by the Howe island steer. History points to no case of such a providential escape, either in England or America, in both of which countries the disease is equally prevalent. Professor Adami, of McGill university, details at length the observation which he has made, which mainly supports the conclusion of Professor McEachren.

Windsor, Ont., Dec. 13.—Wm. Hilton, an aged farmer of Tilsonburg, was murdered five years ago. Before his life passed away, he accused a man named Agnew of committing the deed, who was arrested and acquitted quite easily. Two other arrests were made and one of the men, McMahon, was convicted and sentenced to be hanged, but his sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life. At the time of the murder a man named McDuff worked in the neighborhood where Hilton lived, and after the murder disappeared. A big reward was offered for his arrest, but he could not be found. About a month ago a dispatch from British Columbia stated that a man named Kennedy had been convicted of manslaughter there and confessed to having murdered a man in Essex county years ago. It now appears that Kennedy is McDuff, and friends will at once endeavor to get McMahon free.

Brockville, Ont., Dec. 13.—A telegram was received from Ottawa yesterday stating that the law would be allowed to take its course in the case of Charles Luckey. Radcliffe, the hangman, has arrived from Toronto. The execution will take place to-morrow morning at half past seven in the jail yard.

The Opium Smugglers.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 13.—Court re-convened at 10 a.m. Judge Bellinger overruled objections made by the attorneys for the defence in the opium case yesterday, and Blum took the witness stand. He proceeded to give the details of agreement between himself, Jackling, Dunbar, and Thompson Watson for the purpose of illegal landing of Chinese and opium. He testified that the arrangements included the obtaining of names and photographs of Chinese laborers in British Columbia, which would be sent to this city addressed to Dunbar and Blum, or to either of them. These photographs, names and descriptions would then be taken to Portland notaries public Bannon or Holman and attached to bank certificates which would then be filled up and the seal attached, the signatures of witnesses being those of fictitious persons. The complete false certificates were then sent to Victoria by mail or the pursers of Wilmington and Haytian Republic. A Chinese cook on one of the steamers would look up the Chinese whose names were mentioned in the certificates and inform them as to questions that would be asked on arrival here, and answers to be given thereto. The steamship company charged all such Chinese $120 for passage and landing, $50 to be paid in advance, either in cash or in opium, the balance, $70, to be collected from each passenger on arrival in Portland. In carrying out these details Blum testified that he obtained from Bannon his notarial seal and also the seal of notary E. L. Reese, and took them to Victoria and used them.

Direct examination of Blum was continued when the court reconvened at 1:30 p.m. About 15 or 20 letters bearing no interior dates, addresses or signatures, which Blum identified as having received by him from Mulkey on the dates as shown by the post marks on their respective envelopes, were offered in evidence. This was followed by the identification by Blum of a number of letters as having been either written or signed by Wm. Dunbar. Identification of these two letters is now being made by other witnesses after which it is supposed they will be offered as evidence.

Could Not Kill Himself.

East Liverpool, O., Dec. 13.—Mattie Eoff was shot and seriously wounded this morning by her sweetheart, Geo. Huffman, who put three bullets into his own head and then jumped into the river. The water was too chilly so he swam ashore and was arrested. While waiting for the patrol wagon he threw himself in front of a train, but escaped injury. He is now in jail.

Everybody likes candy. Nobody likes nauseous pills. Try Escljay's Liver Lozenges.

VEHEMENCE OF VEST

Senator Frye Scorches Commissioner Blount

AND EXTOLS MINISTER STEVENS

Senator Vest Would Rather Trust a Hungry Wolf

Than Put Confidence in Frye—Christian Pretensions of Stevens and Co. Ridiculed—Hawaiians Were Christianized Out of Their Lands—What the Republicans Really Want.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Senator Frye, in discussing Senator Hoar's Hawaiian resolution, directed attention particularly to the statement made last Monday that the United States flag had been dishonored and made to cover an act of piracy. That statement, of course, Mr. Frye said, could only refer to the conduct of Minister Stevens. He said Stevens' history compared with that of Blount, and declared Stevens, intellectually and otherwise, was in every way superior to that of Blount, and that no president, not even Cleveland with all his power, could change this condition. Senator Frye also declared that Blount in his report had not written one single unvarnished line.

At the conclusion of Frye's speech Senator Vest commented on the partisan speeches of Hoar and Frye, and said in reference to Frye that on all party questions he (Vest) would just as soon trust him as he would a hungry wolf when the bleat of the farmer's lambs is heard in a yard in the immediate vicinity. He ridiculed the Christian pretensions of Stevens and the revolutionists of Hawaii. He said they had Christianized the natives out of their own country and taken possession of it in the name of God, then divided the lands among themselves under a law made by themselves. (Laughter).

He declared it was the policy of the Republicans to have, not a compact, continental republic, as the fathers of the republic established it, but to have a great, expansive territory always acquiring and its government extending to the islands of the ocean and to the uttermost parts of the earth. He dissented from the views ascribed to Gresham and asserted that the provisional government of Hawaii was a de facto government, and that a de facto government had rights of a de jure government, so far as other nations were concerned. He added that any assault upon the de facto government by the armed forces of the United States would be an act of war, which alone could be brought about by an act of congress.

British Policy in Hawaii.

Referring to the action of the British naval and diplomatic authorities at Honolulu in the event of trouble the Honolulu Star of Dec. 1st publishes the following: "It appears that upon an outbreak or an invasion by the United States forces, the Champion's men will come ashore and form a hollow square about the British legation, or such other place as Minister Wodehouse may choose as his headquarters. All British subjects will be invited to come within the lines and there they will find safety. Owing to the paucity of numbers, no British marines or sailors will be detailed to guard property. That will be left to the American and Hawaiian governments, particularly the former, which was said in the house of commons last March to have been vested with that responsibility. The Englishmen were assured by Minister Wodehouse that the British forces had no other object in coming ashore than the one stated, and that they did not expect to establish a protectorate.

Perished in the Flames.

Cherryfield, Me., Dec. 13.—The dwelling house of William Foss was burned last evening. Foss, his son Everett, aged 15, and his grandson, Judson, aged 8, perished in the flames.

From Poverty to Affluence.

Bridgeport, Conn., Dec. 13.—Henry Dobson, an inmate of the almshouse here, has fallen heir to $150,000. He is 40, and left his home in England early in life. Lately he saw a notice of his father's death, and sent a letter of condolence "to any member of the family still living." Through this the executor learned of his existence, and an English lawyer is here now. He has brought Dobson a draught for $5,000, and the former pauper now lives in a fashionable boarding house.

Roman Catholic School Policy.

Baltimore, Md., Dec. 13.—The Roman Catholics of this diocese will not press their demands for a share of the public school funds. A meeting of the clergy was held at the house of the vicar-general to-day, at which Cardinal Gibbons presided. While all the priests, including the cardinal, were favorably inclined to the proposition, it was thought best, owing to decided opposition on the part of the laymen, not to ask the passage of the bill by the next legislature. So the matter rests for the present.

Beaten and Robbed.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—A dispatch from Monterey says C. F. Cooke, an agent of the Bank of London in Monterey, was severely beaten by two Americans a few days ago and robbed of $3,200. The criminals were arrested and part of the money recovered.

41111 Dolls From 1c. to $3 Each
At Russell & McDonall's.

Are you troubled with a tired feeling? Try Escljay's Liver Lozenges.

THE FRENCH ANARCHISTS.

Plenty of Them Left to Carry Forward the Work.

Paris, Dec. 12.—The representative of the United Press called at the Sante prison to-day to inquire as to the condition of Auguste Vaillant, the anarchist who threw the bomb into the chamber of deputies on Saturday. The would-be assassin has lost much of his former air of bravado and his spirits are depressed. His actions and conversation are in marked contrast to his actions and braggadocio after his arrest.

A semi-official estimate of the dangerous anarchists in Paris and its suburbs places the number at 600.

The police say Vaillant has made the following additional confession: "I waited for more than an hour before throwing the bomb in the hope that a favorable chance would present itself to cast it in the spot I had picked out. At length, thinking an opportune time had arrived, I arose from my seat in the gallery and hurled the box, aiming it at President Dupuy's table. As I did so a woman who was seated in front of me resented my leaning over and pushed me backward. I was thus prevented from throwing the bomb exactly as I intended. I did not intend to kill any one," Vaillant calmly replied, "but only to wound 150 or 200 deputies. I was escepially anxious that Casimir-Perrier should be among those injured by the explosion." Madame Gerard, landlady of the Hotel de Dieppe, says that when Vaillant arrived at her house he brought with him only a small travelling bag.

It transpired to-night that, this morning the police found this placard on the Arc de Triomphe: "Fear nothing, Vaillant. There are comrades left who are quite strong enough to avenge you if the bourgeois dare to take your head."

London, Dec. 12.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily News says that Vaillant concealed for some time a leg wound caused by a nail from the bomb. The wound is said to have become so inflamed that a capital operation must be performed in case Vaillant is to be kept alive for trial. The correspondent also says: "All statements that Vaillant was in the free gallery of the chamber of deputies are wrong. He was actually in the adjoining gallery, for which M. Angelies, Radical deputy for Corbeil, gave him a ticket. M. Angelès did not know Vaillant, who applied under the name of Dumont, giving an address in Angelies' electorate. The latter knowing that the name of Dumont was common there, and being reluctant to offend a probable supporter, acceded, and personally handed the man a ticket. He was impressed with Vaillant's distinguished manner and calm bearing."

M. Baisly, Socialist, moved in the chamber of deputies to-day the appointment of a commission to inquire into the recent strike of coal miners and the condition of the miners. He denounced the manoeuvres resorted to by the companies in fighting the working men's syndicate and asserted that the companies did not care how the miners lived or starved if only they had strength left to enable them to be further exploited. His remarks called forth cheers from the socialists. M. Pichon, who is a director of the Pas de Calais mines, asked: "Are you accusing me?" This was the signal for an uproar, and the noise continued until M. Dupuy, president of the chamber, interposed, saying: "There are no accused here; all are deputies."

M. Johnart, minister of public works, delivered his first speech as a member of the cabinet and it was a clever one. He denied that the government sought to interfere with the right of workingmen to strike, but it was determined to maintain the liberty of labor. He drew a graphic picture of the constant strikes, which he declared had resulted in the withdrawal of French capital from home industrial enterprises and its embarkation in speculation. When M. Jonnart made this statement the Socialists cried out: "Panama!" "Panama!" "Panama!"

The sente to-day passed the press bill adopted by the chamber of deputies yesterday. There was no dissenting voice. President Carnot will sign the bill to-night. It will be published in the Journal Official to-morrow and will be put in force immediately thereafter. The Figaro says that the bill will prevent an increase of anarchist prints, and will thus impose silence on dilettanti dynamiters.

Deputy Meline, the French McKinley, and Deputies Alphonse Turrel and Jean Leygues met Premier Casimir Perrier and M. Viger, minister of agriculture, at the foreign office to-day to submit proposals to increase the grain duties. M. Tisearay, director of customs, was called in as an expert. Eventually all agreed with him that it would be unnecessary to increase the duties if steps should be taken to prevent frandulent speculation in grain. Such steps will probably be taken soon.

'Frisco's Fair.

San Francisco, Dec. 12.—Work is being rushed at the park in anticipation of more bad weather. But it is not likely that storms will delay the work much between this and the opening. The workmen on nearly all the buildings have them inclosed so that work can be pushed. Even should it rain before the end of next week the work of putting the exhibits in place will be under way, and it will take a short time to place them. The foreigners are the first on the ground and many of their exhibits have arrived from Chicago and only await the completion of the buildings to be put in place. The concessionaries of the Chinese building are already getting the material for the bazaars they will open. Most of it has already been imported and can be seen in the stores of Chinatown. The concessionaires are secretive about their plans for bringing talent in to the fair, but they will take advantage of all the points in their favor against the exclusion act. The collector is to have guarantee of the safe return of all Chinese landed in accordance with his instructions from Washington. The Chinese building is nearly complete, and will be ready by the first proximo. Arrangements for electric lighting in the exposition buildings, and in and about the Exposition grounds are being pushed rapidly forward, and there is every reason to believe that this feature will be ready in time for the opening. Poles for the 12 arc lights which are to illuminate the grand central plaza have already been brought to the grounds and planting them began yesterday. The wiring of the exterior illumination of the mechanical arts' building with incandescent lights has been completed and the workmen are doing similar work on the horticultural and agricultural buildings. The wiring of the administration building has been completed and when this has been done to the manufacturers' and liberal arts' buildings the entire main group will have been finished in this particular. Mr. Dorr, who represents the general electric company at the exposition, and who is to have entire charge of the electric fountain, has arrived in the city and will proceed at once with the installation of the fountain and the preparations of its elaborate and intricate settings.

Daring Post Office Robbery.

Chicago, Dec. 12.—The Chicago postoffice, situated in the heart of the city, was robbed of $7,000 to-night. Andrew Robertson, cashier of the wholesale stamp department, was dangerously wounded in a fight with the robbers. About 7:30, while he was engaged in balancing his accounts, some one appeared at the window and asked him how he was coming out. Robertson replied that he thought he was all right. The stranger said that he had sent a boy for stamps during the day and that Robertson had given him too many, and would return them if Robertson would open the door. When the man gave a private rap used by the clerks in the building the door was opened. As soon as the robber was inside the office he attacked Robertson and a terrible conflict ensued. Stamps were scattered all around the office, several large packages being found on the floor. Robertson was finally reduced to insensibility, and the thief decamped, taking what money there was in sight. The exact amount taken is not known, but it is said by government employees that the sum will reach $7,000. Robertson was taken to the Presbyterian hospital, where the physicians said that his wounds were dangerous. Up to a late hour to-night the police had failed to obtain any clue to the robber.

Four Negroes Lynched.

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 12.—A report has just reached here from Selma, Ala., of a quadruple lynching which occurred in Dallas on Sunday. On Saturday night four negro tramps went to the house of Mrs. William Jones during the absence of her husband and knocked on the door. She was alone, and going to the door saw the men and refused to let them in. They demanded drink and one of them pushed the door open. At this juncture Mrs. Jones opened fire on the crowd with a pistol, wounding the man who had broken open the door. The tramps fled. It was not long before the alarm was given and a posse of citizens quickly organized. They followed the trail of the tramps by the blood left along the route by the wounded man. Three miles away he was overtaken on the road. At the point of pistols he told the direction in which the others had gone. A rope was put around his neck and search for the other three continued. Just before daylight the others were caught and all confessed their guilt. They were taken to a neighboring swamp and just at sunrise all four were suspended to the same limb. The bodies were fired at, after which the posse rode away. The scene of the lynching is a few miles from the place where three negroes were lynched last night for the murder of Reuben Smith at Berlin. The matter was kept so secret that nothing was known of it here until to-day, when the news was brought by a prominent citizen of an adjoining county, who was in Selma county last night and heard the story.

Who Was the Inventor of Whiskey?

So far as the bulk of the Lowlands is concerned, whiskey was virtually nonexistent as a beverage till near the close of the sixteenth century, and did not come into general use until very much later. The name of its creator does not survive even in national myth. The circumstances attendant upon its entrance on the stage of time are involved in such a mystery as that which shrouds the origin of species. The probability is that the general benefactor was some mighty "medicine man" of the ancient Celts; but who he was, and when and where he first set up his still and called spirits from the yeasty malt remains unrecorded. It is, however, well nigh indubitable that in Scotland the original manufacturers of whiskey were the Celts of the Highlands. For centuries it may may have remained wholly unknown to their Lowland neighbors—dammed up, as it were, by the barriers of alien custom and foreign speech. Hector Boece, who wrote about the beginning of the sixteenth century, says of the ancient customs of the Scots that "at such times as they determined to be merry they used a kind of aqua vita void of all spice, and only consisting of such herbs and roots as grew in their own gardens. Otherwise their common drink was ale; but in time of war, when they were enforced to lie in camp, they contehted themselves with water, as raditest for their turns." Boëce is rather incorrect and credulous, and many of his statements must be taken cum grano salis; but his native district bordered on the Highlands, and not improbably the Highland custom of drinking usquebaugh was occasionally indulged in there, although he himself appears to have had a very indistinct and imperfect knowledge of the character of liquor. Possibly the first to introduce usquebaugh to the Lowlands were the monks; and, at any rate, the earliest Lowlander associated with its manufacture was a friar, John Cor by name, who in 1495 obtained eight bolls of malt from the exchequer for this purpose. Its Latin name, aqua vitae, also suggests conventual associations. In 1505 the right to sell it in Edinburgh was conferred on the surgeons.—From "Old-World Scotland," by T. F. Henderson.

No Cure, No Pay.

Men who are weak, nervous, broken down; men who suffer from the effects of disease, over-work, worry, from the follies of youth or the excesses of manhood; men who have failed to find a cure, **do not despair, do not give up!** Forty years experience has proved that Dr. Clarke's celebrated method of treatment can be depended on with absolute certainty to effect a permanent cure. So confident am I, that it will cure even the worst cases, that I am willing to let you deposit the **money in your local bank** to be paid me *after you are cured* and not until then; this makes you *absolutely* safe. If unable to call, send for **free Question List and be cured at Home.**

Everything sent sealed, secure from exposure.

Call or address, naming this paper

Dr. J. D. CLARKE, Merrill Block, Detroit, Michigan

COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

Perseverance in using it will give relief, even in cases of long standing, where a cure seemed impossible and life seemed hardly worth living

Per Bottle, 25c, 50c, or $1.00

The Boa Constrictor in Fashion.

The alligator has had his day in fair woman's favor. She wore him on her gown. She copied his rough and scaly skin in her crepons and woollens. She clasped him in her hand in pocket-book and card case. She buckled him about her waist; she hung him on her hip in shopping bag and reticule; she even strapped him about her wrist in the form of a bracelet, with her watch set inside.

But now she has transferred her affections to the boa constrictor, and it is his mottled grey and white skin that clothes now her favorite card case and purse, that is fitted about her delicate waist in a girdle with silver buckles, and on some occasions is sewed in strips on her tea-of gown as a decoration. Now the new purses are delicately ornamented with gold or silver, or gold plated silver in patterns not attractive or easily copied in plated goods. Sometimes just a cord of silver, or a plain band of burnished gold, unchased, finishes the purse. If corners are used they are very modest in size and beautiful in workmanship. A dainty little scroll of gold or silver runs around the edge, with turquoise set in the form of forget-me-nots, or a fanciful scroll appears in the corner with a painted medallion head in the centre. These medallions are also employed on brushes and on other silver toilet articles.

Another fancy is that of using enameled silver flowers, reproducing the tints of the natural blossoms and set in relief in the outer flap of the card case for dressy occasions. A white vellum card case, bound in gold, with three sweet peas mounted and tinted in careful copy of the flowers and set on long gold stems against the cover will be a dainty gift for some admirer to present on Christmas morning to his sweetheart. Or, if he would have something more touching still, "there's pansies, that's for thoughts," and very perfect pansies they are, too, all of silver, with deep purple petals set against the dainty grey white of the boa constrictor's skin which originally covered that part of his anatomy upon which, according to the scriptures, he must forever crawl. It is a very sweetly sentimental gift for one you love.

Another card case which deserves special mention is of white rough leather bound with gold and on the cover is a cipher in odd artistic letters made of a flexible strand of gold wire set with diamonds and ruby chips. The cipher begins at the top of the case and meanders through the three letters in an erratic way to the very bottom.

And there are purses, too, in the art green of the lizard skin, and in a blue equally odd in tint, besides the regular sealskin purses and card cases which many conservative ladies prefer to the more striking novelties, for these are quickly imitated in cheap materials.

Willie Tillbrook
Son of

Mayor Tillbrook

of McKeesport, Pa., had a Scrofula bunch under one ear which the physican lanced and then it became a running sore, and was followed by erysipelas. Mrs. Tillbrook gave him

Hood's Sarsaparilla

the sore healed up, he became perfectly well and is now a lively, robust boy. Other parents whose children suffer from impure blood should profit by this example.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.

LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria. m-w-s-57

THEY ARE PLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.

They do not nauseate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases.
Sold by chemists throughout the world.
R. D. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

Argyle House

A Complete Stock of

Hosiery

In Our Well Known Wear Well Brand.

Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.

Women's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose

Children's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.

Children's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose.

Children's Heavy Wool Hose in Black.

Boys' Heavy Wool Knickerbocker Hose, in Black—Cannot be beaten for wear.

Just received one more case of

Womens' Black Wool Hose, 25c. a pair.

A Big Lot of Remnants of Carpets 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.

Remnants of Dress Goods, Flannels, &c., very cheap.

J. Horner & Co.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbottsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
a29-tf Solicitors for the Applicants

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting by James Wishart and George G. Meldram for a ratification of the temporary transfer of a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, situate on the corner of Douglas and Yates streets in the City of Victoria, from George Steily to the said James Wishart and George G. Meldram granted to them by the said board at its last sittings.

And further take notice that an application will also be made to the said board for a transfer of the said license from George Steily to James Wishart and George G. Meldram.

Dated this 9th day of October, A.D. 1893.

GEORGE STELLY,
JAMES WISHART,
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.
o9-1m

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain works constructed in or over Navigable Waters," chapter 92, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that John Taylor, of Victoria, British Columbia, intends to apply to the Governor-General in Council, for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said John Taylor in and about Rock Bay in the harbor of the said city of Victoria, B.C., and that in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, he has deposited plans of the proposed works and improvements and a description of the proposed site of the same, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the said John Taylor.

Dated this 15th day of November, 1893.
n15-1m

Nicola Valley Railway Co'y.

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on Wednesday, the 10th January, 1894, addressed to the undersigned for the construction of this Company's Railway from Spence's Bridge to Nicola Lake.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to the undersigned at the company's office, 161 Cordova street, Vancouver, and no tender will be considered unless made on such form.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

J. W. McFARLAND,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 4th, 1893. d7-tf

NOTICE.

The undersigned having sold his interest in the firm of Yick Lung & Co. to Yee Took, Dap Yin and Ham Foo, will not be responsible for any debts of the firm, as they assume all liabilities. All accounts against the firm must be sent to Yick Lung & Co. before the 13th inst.

DI CHUE.

dec 7-1w.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Hanna & Taylor

Successors to Lockyer & Co.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, notice is hereby given that Amos J. Hughitt, carrying on business at Genoa and the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Hughitt and McIntyre, has, by deed dated the 6th day of October, 1893, assigned all his real and personal property to Thomas Earle, of the City of Victoria, merchant, and Matthew Trotter Johnston, of the same place, merchant, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and assignees on this 6th day of October, 1893.

Dated 6th October, 1893.

THOMAS EARLE,
M. T. JOHNSTON,
Oct6-tf Assignees.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that John Johnston, carrying on business under the name and style of J. Johnston & Co., booksellers and stationers, at 77 Government Street, in the City of Victoria, has by deed dated the 1st day of December, 1893, granted and assigned all his real and personal property (except as therein mentioned) unto Walter Blake Smallfield of the said city, accountant, and George W. Haynes of the said city, real estate broker, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and the assignees on the 1st day of December, 1893.

Dated this 1st day of December, 1893.

WALTER BLAKE SMALLFIELD,
GEORGE W. HAYNES,
Dec1 Assignees.

Assignment For Benefit of Creditors.

Amos J. Hughitt of Victoria and Genoa B. C., carrying on business under the name of Hughitt & McIntyre, having made an assignment to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors, all persons having claims against the said assignor or against the firm of Hughitt & McIntyre are hereby required to send in their claims, duly verified, to Matthew Trotter Johnston, and persons indebted to the said assignor are required to pay their accounts to the undersigned.

THOS. EARLE,
MATTHEW TROTTER JOHNSTON,
Assignees.

Victoria, 9th October, 1893. o10-tf

In the Matter of the Estate of Giacomo Bossi, late of the City of Victoria, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the above estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the first day of February, A.D. 1894, and notice is hereby also given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have notice.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Solicitors for the Executors, Rosa Bossi and Carlo Bossi.

Dated the 29th day of November, 1893.
n29-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria, sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, 90 ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; [illegible] cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 42 Third street Victoria

FOR SALE.

The lease and furniture of about 50 finely furnished rooms in connection with a first class hotel, centrally located and clearing $250 per month above expenses. Every room occupied.

For further particulars apply to

WINNETT & COOPER,
n16-1m 16 Trounce Avenue.

FOR SALE.

The following desirable residence and grounds are offered for sale by private contract.

No. 204 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, better known and described as Lot No. 972, according to the official map of the city.

The house is situated on the north side of Yates street, and is built of brick with stone foundation, and is almost new and in first-class repair, with 10 rooms, bathroom and basement, stable and outbuildings; within ten minutes' walk of the P. O.

Apply to

JOHN HAGGERTY,
185 Yates Street.
ALAN S. DUMBLETON,
51 Langley street,
n18-1m Victoria, B.C.

FOR SALE--CHEAP.

Lots on both sides of Hillside Avenue, cheap for cash at reduced prices, or on easy terms.

Also, House and four Lots on Fourth Street, between Hillside Avenue and King's Road; price low and terms easy.

Also, House and Lot, Third Street; small cash payment and easy terms.

HEISTERMAN & CO.,
d4-2w 75 Government St.

BY-LAW

NO. 213.

A By-Law to authorize the disposal of a Certain portion of Oak Bay Avenue in exchange for contiguous land for the purpose of improving the said Oak Bay Avenue, being a public street situate within the City of Victoria.

WHEREAS it is deemed necessary and expedient for the purpose of improving Oak Bay Avenue, being a public street situate within the City of Victoria, to dispose of a portion thereof in exchange for contiguous land and to divert the said street.

And whereas the portion of Oak Bay Avenue aforesaid which it is proposed to dispose of, is so much thereof as lies to the south of a line drawn parallel with the northerly boundary line of Lot 2, Section 74 aforesaid, at a distance of 40 feet therefrom, and is bounded on the southwest by the northeast boundary line of Lot 1, Section 74, Victoria district; on the northwest by the southeast line of Cadboro Bay Road; on the northeast partly by the southern boundary of the said lot 2, and partly by a line drawn parallel to the northeast boundary of Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, and distant from the said northeast boundary 40 feet; and on the south by a line drawn parallel with and in continuation of the south boundary line of Lots 1 and 31, Section 74 aforesaid, and the portion of Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, which it is proposed to take in exchange is so much of the said Lot 2 as lies to the north of a line drawn parallel with the northern boundary of the said Lot at a distance of 40 feet therefrom.

And Whereas Thomas Sinclair Gore is the owner in fee of the said portion of Lot 2, Section 74, required for the improvement of Oak Bay Avenue as aforesaid, and it is proposed that he should convey the same to the Corporation of the City of Victoria, in exchange for the conveyance to him from the said City of Victoria of the said portion of Oak Bay avenue before described.

And whereas under and by virtue of sub-section (133) of section 104 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is authorised to make by-laws to dispose of a public street or highway, or any portion thereof, whenever deemed necessary, in exchange for adjacent or contiguous lands expropriated for the purpose of improving, widening, straightening or diverting any public street or highway, and to execute deeds for property so exchanged.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation to dispose of and convey to Thomas Sinclair Gore so much of the public street known as Oak Bay Avenue, commencing from its intersection with Cadboro Bay Road, as lies to the south of a line drawn parallel with the northern boundary line of Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, at a distance of 40 feet therefrom, which said portion of Oak Bay Avenue intended to be disposed of is bounded on the southwest by the northeast boundary line of Lot 1, Section 74; on the northwest by the Cadboro Bay road; on the northeast partly by the southern boundary of the said Lot 2, and partly by the aforesaid line drawn parallel to the north boundary line of said Lot 2; and on the south by a line drawn in continuation of and parallel with the southern boundary lines of lots 1 and 31, Section 74 aforesaid.

Section 2. So much of the said Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District as lies to the north of the said line drawn parallel to the northerly boundary line of the said lot and distant therefrom 40 feet, is hereby expropriated for the purpose of improving Oak Bay Avenue, a public street within the City of Victoria.

Section 3. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria to accept in exchange for so much of Oak Bay Avenue as is described in and by Section 1 of this by-law, a conveyance from Thomas Sinclair Gore of so much of said Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, as is described in and by Section 2 of this by-law.

Section 4. That for the purpose of effecting the said exchange it shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, by the Mayor, to execute a conveyance to the said Thomas Sinclair Gore of the said portions of Oak Bay Avenue mentioned in clause 1, upon the receipt of a proper conveyance from the said Thomas Sinclair Gore to the said Corporation of the said portion of Lot 2, Section 74, before mentioned.

Section 5. This by-law shall be known as "The Oak Bay Avenue Exchange By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th November, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 1st day of December, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
(L. S.) Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 1st day of December, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalling; prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $38 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

GREAT SUCCESS

of the new Tailor System of Dress Cutting. Cuts on all the latest lines. Half price for a few weeks only. Dresses and mantles cut and fitted.

REMOVED TO 86 YATES ST.,

de4-1mo Over Cochrane & Munn's.

S. P. SMITH, of Towanda, Pa., whose constitution was completely broken down, is cured by **Ayer's Sarsaparilla.** He writes:

"For eight years, I was, most of the time, a great sufferer from constipation, kidney trouble, and indigestion, to the extent that my constitution seemed to be completely broken down. I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and took nearly seven bottles, with such excellent results that my stomach, bowels, and kidneys are in perfect condition, and, in all their functions, as regular as clock-work. At the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, my weight was only 129 pounds; I now can weigh 159 pounds, and was never in so good health. If you could see me before and after using, you would want me for a traveling advertisement. I believe this preparation of Sarsaparilla to be the best in the market to-day."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER

Has received instructions from Mr. A. B. Gray, who is giving up housekeeping, to sell on the premises of that large two-story dwelling, 82 Belleville st., corner of Belleville and Oswego sts., James Bay, facing harbor, all the valuable

Household Furniture,

Contained therein, on

Friday, December 15

at 11 o'clock a.m., comprising:

DRAWING ROOM—Walnut, hair cloth covered suite, 7 pieces; walnut marble top Centre Table; walnut Music Rack; walnut Corner Whatnot, handsomely carved; pair handsome Chinese Garden Seats; gilt Easel; two 5-o'clock Tea Tables; Steel Engravings and other Pictures; Brackets, Ornaments and bric-a-brac; Carpets, Rugs, Wolf Skin, etc.

DINING ROOM—Oak Extension Table, marble top mahogany Sideboard; marble top Side Table; mahogany Secretary Bookcase; Lounge, Easy and other Chairs; 3 Royal Academy Oil Paintings and other Pictures; Brussels Carpet; Gurney Franklin Stove; Glassware, Cutlery; hanging and pedestal Lamps; Ornaments, etc.

BEDROOM NO. 1—Very handsome walnut Suite, with marble top pieces; Mattresses and Bedding; handsome walnut Wardrobe; marble top walnut Centre Table; 16x20 Carpet, nearly new; Chamber Set; Pictures, etc.

HALL—Oak combined Hat Rack and Umbrella Stand; Stove and Piping; Carpet and Rug; Hanging Lamp.

BED ROOM NO. 2.—Child's walnut Cot and Mattresses; stained Wood Set, 3 pieces; Stove; Pictures; Child's Bath, etc.

BED ROOM NO. 3.—Upstairs—Walnut Suite; marble top Bureau; Wardrobe; Toilet Set; walnut small Table; Carpet; Pictures.

BED ROOM NO. 4(S)—Walnut Bed Stead, Mattress and Bedding; 2 Chests of Drawers; English Toilet Glass; Wardrobe; Steel Engravings and other Pictures; Carpets; Chamber Crockery, etc.

BED ROOM NO. 5.—Stained wood Suite; Mattress; Bedding; three-quarter Bedstead and Mattress; Carpets, etc.

BILLIARD ROOM.—Three-and-a-half by seven Billiard Table; Balls; Cues; Marker, etc., complete; Sofa Bed Lounge; Steel Engravings and other Pictures; Ornaments; Tables; Chairs; 16x20 Carpet, etc.

SEWING ROOM—Carpet; Chest of Drawers; 2 nursery Guard Fenders; Sewing Machine, etc. Carpet in hall upstairs and on the stairs.

BED ROOM NO.5. (SE)—Handsome marble top walnut Suite; spring and hair Mattresses; Carpet Square; Pictures, etc.

SMALL BED ROOM (S)—Painted Suite; spring and wool Mattress; Carpet, etc.

SMALL BED ROOM (SW)—Painted Suite; spring and hair Mattress; Carpet, etc; large stained wood Wardrobe.

KITCHEN.—No. 8 "Grand Universal" Stove, nearly new; usual utensils; Crockery; Tables; Chairs; contents of pantry and scullery.

OUTSIDE.—Hose, Shears, Step Ladder and Garden Tools.

The foregoing contains only particulars of the principal goods for sale.

Terms: Cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

dec12

Real Estate.

200 ACRES, SPLENDID OPENING FOR ....Hop Ranch; price $16,000; terms easy.

142 ACRES, WITH HALF MILE OF WA....ter front and about 700 cords of wood ....cut, and about 10,000 cords to cut; good ....terms; $35 per acre.

100 ACRES, WITH 250 FRUIT TREES ....planted; $1000; good terms.

250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE ....fine water front, good land, partly ....cleared; good house and stables; splen....did location for fishing and shooting and ....boating; low price and good terms, or ....exchange partly for cash and city pro....perty.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH ....house and stable, close to railway sta....tion; a good chicken and fruit farm; ....cheap.

10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, ...close to Saanichton railway station; ....$1000 and $1500, according to position; ....very easy terms and low interest to ....parties buying to improve.

2 LOTS, 80x120 each, good land and close ....to good stream of water; $300.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send to the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Rome, Dec. 12.—The new cabinet formed by Francisco Crispi, will be announced officially, in all probability, to-morrow morning. Senator Andrea Calendra di Tatini has been selected for the ministry of justice; Senator Luigi Ferrario, posts and telegraphs; Senator Augusto Baccelo, public instruction; Paolo Bossel, agriculture. The war and marine portfolios have not been allotted. At a meeting of the council the president of the chamber suggested that measures be adopted to prevent, in the parliamentary buildings any such explosion as that of Saturday in Paris.

London, Dec. 12.—In the House of Commons to-day Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, Conservative, formerly first lord of the admiralty, stated that he would shortly move the adoption of a resolution calling upon the government to inform the House as to its intentions in regard to increasing the strength of the navy.

London, Dec. 12.—Mr. James Kier Hardie, socialist member for the south division of Westham, moved that the House adjourn for the purpose of calling the attention of parliament to the condition of the unemployed. Mr. Hardie said that acute distress was prevailing in the country. A large number of cases of suicide and starvation were frequently occurring. Pauperism had increased, especially in London, and it was necessary, he declared, that the local authorities should furnish employment for the poor. Mr. John Macdonald, member for Tower Hamlets, supported Mr. Hardie, whose motion was lost by a vote of 175 to 63.

London, Dec. 12.—High winds and rain did considerable damage in England to-day. The army printing works, now being built at Aldershot, was partly destroyed. The men at work on the building came down in the ruins and several were so seriously injured that they were taken to the hospital. The peninsula of Poole in Dorse suffered severely. Roofs were blown off and a few light structures demolished. Many streets were under water and much of the shipping at the docks was damaged. Few persons were injured.

London, Dec. 12.—The body of Seadoc Outram, Mr. Gladstone's valet and trusted factotem for 20 years, who mysteriously disappeared at the beginning of December, was found floating in the Thames to-day. It was taken into the Tower Hill mortuary, where an inquest will be held. It is surmised that Outram committed suicide. He left Mr. Gladstone's Downing street residence on the night of November 30, ostensibly to meet the young woman to whom he was engaged to be married. He did not meet her and was not afterwards seen by any of his acquaintances. It is conjectured that on that night or soon after he threw himself into the river.

Treasure Trove in Scotland.

While one of the ploughmen employed by Mr. Towns, Kinghornie, was working in a field known as the Chapel field, near Bervie, he uncovered an earthen pot, or urn, containing a great number of silver coins—about 500—in splendid preservation, the bulk of them consisting of Edward II., and probably some of Edward III., the remainder being those of Alexander III. of Scotland. The various coins of Edward were struck in London and from at least seven different dies.

Most of the London minted coins appear scarcely ever to have been in circulation, as the edges of the coins are sharply turned up. There are some other coins from other mints, viz., Dublin and Waterford, and also Bristol. These have the head of Edward in a triangle on the reverse. These coins are considerably worn, although in good preservation. The coins of Alexander are in nearly as good preservation as those of Edward, and, like them, were struck from two or three dies, but are of a much better workmanship.

The Scottish coins must have been struck some time between 1250 and 1279. The jar containing the coins was found in stiff red clay at a depth of about eight or nine inches below the surface, and had been deposited near the chapel which was erected by David II. in commemoration of his landing from La Rochelle, at a cove near where the chapel stood, along with his English queen, on the 4th of June, 1342. The king created Bervie a royal burgh on the night of his arrival.—Western Mail.

The Oyster's Enemy.

The "borer," a pest about the size of a small strawberry, is working great havoc among the oyster beds of Delaware bay and tributary streams. Captain Moses Veale of the oyster schooner White Lily says that the destructive powers of the borer have been known to oystermen only a few years. He had followed oyster digging nearly thirty-five years, and the first borer he ever saw was about ten years ago, but their ravages among the oyster beds was comparatively unnoticed until last year.

Captain Veale said that "last year the number of dead oysters with holes made in them by borers in the shell became so great that oystermen were alarmed. This year the work of the borer has become a grave matter, and if it continues many bays will become depopulated of oysters. From one bed we dredged on this trip we got 1200 baskets of oysters, but out of these only 200 were good, the dead oysters having been killed by borers. A peculiar thing about the ravages of borers is their apparent selection of the best oyster beds. We have found this to be true several times this season. We have found a bed of small oysters almost entirely free from borers. This bed will be separated from another bed of larger oysters by 200 feet, but this latter bed will be so badly affected by the creatures that it will hardly pay to work it.

"From what I can learn from oyster men the destruction wrought in Delaware bay by borers is more severe than in other places.

"The work of the borer this year makes a double misfortune, for the oyster beds were badly damaged by the big storm in August and September. Very few people who are not in the oyster dredging business know anything of the methods of the borer. When I first took notice of its work I secured several oysters just after the borer had fastened itself to the shell. When the borer fastens itself it holds on like a leech, and it is with difficulty that it can be removed by the fingers.

"Sometimes the borer fastens itself to the oyster shell near the edge, and then the oyster is not killed. When the hole of the borer is made near the centre of the oyster shell then the oyster is attacked in the vital parts and dies in three or four days after the hole is not made."

Some of the bed owners near the Maurice river have lost large sums of money this year on account of the borer. Thos. Munsey, who has a number of large beds, it is said, will lose $10,000. Several other men have lost nearly as much through this unlooked for calamity, and a number of men have lost in the neighborhood of $2,000 or $3,000. All oyster men say there can be no way of taking away the borer without destroying the oyster beds.—Philadelphia Ledger.

An Ancient Japanese Temple.

The temple at Horiuji, between Osaka and Nara, two stations this side of the latter town, if we remember aright, is believed to be the oldest building of the kind in the country, says the Japan Daily Advertiser. For its historical associations, reaching back into the centuries as well as for its rich collection of relics, it well merits the attention of resident and passer-through alike.

The monastery was founded by Prince Shotoku early in the seventh century. Chief among the numerous buildings within its walls is the Sankyo In, standing somewhat to the left of the five-storied pagoda. In his last will and testament Shotoku Taishi, who died at the age of 49, desired that the three Buddhist canons, Hokke, Shoman and Ilma, should be recited frequently after his decease. The name of the building affords a clue to this, Sankyo meaning three sacred books. These books are read here every year from the 14th of April to the 16th of July. This building, which has been used during recent years as a preaching place by the Otani branch of the Shinushu sect of Buddhists, contains in the front part of the hall a well-executed picture of Amida, the idol of the sect just mentioned, and somewhat to the right an image of Shotoku Taishi at the age of 49. Next in popular importance to the temple referred to is the Saiyen Do, an octagonal building in the rear of the Sankyo In. This temple, dedicated to the idol known to Japanese worshipers as Mine no Yakushi, was built by Gyoki Bosatsu, a priest, in the second year of Yoro (A.D. 718). The image, which occupies a position in the centre of the temple, is said to have been made of a peculiar incense known as malko. On its back is a wooden figure of Jizo, a lesser deity, credited with exceptional promptitude in the answering of petitions, providing the suppliant supports his or her plea with that which is held most dear. Herein lies the explanation of the unique character of this particular temple, the swords, mirrors, combs and kogai which adorn the walls and pillars being the votive offerings of worshipers of both sexes accumulated in the ages past. These gifts are hung so closely on the walls that they overlap like the scales of a fish. For once, a regret instinctively arises that the men and women whose bodies have been long since resolved into dust, should have failed to take the precaution many of their ancestors take to perpetuate their names on wall and post whenever they visit a place of any celebrity, but not a name is attached, and all that remains to attest the personality of the giver is the instrument which served a passing purpose during his or her lifetime long years ago. Nor does that which meets the eye of the curious upon entering the old temple represent all the harvest of the silent years. The priest can speak of coats of mail, swords, combs, etc., removed from their place to the store house to make room for later and newer mural decorations. Of the metal mirrors bells have been made, as one may discover if fortunate enough to gain the services of a responsible attendant. Any description of this building would be incomplete that did not mention of the circular mirror, which, as it reflects or fails to reflect the face of the suppliant reveals the worthiness or unworthiness of the petitioner. No one whose deeds have been unjust or lawless is believed to be able to see his person reflected as he concludes his prayer. One peculiar fact in connection with this old structure remains to be noticed. No attempt is ever made to destroy the rats in the Saiyen Do, as they are looked upon as messengers of the Yakushi. A strange deity, the interested observer from the west is tempted to remark, that thus acknowledges his dependence upon this objectionable branch of the rodentia. Happily, their services are fittingly restricted to a temple where the offerings are wholly of metal or other equally durable material.

Leopard Shooting.

The first time that I saw a wild leopard in the jungle might have been easily the last time for my seeing any wild leopards. I was creeping along under the trees on the slope of one of the little hills at Chittagong, just inside the tangled fringe of briars and grasses at the edge of the covert. I was stalking, or rather sneaking, after one of those beautiful pheasants which we used to call the mathoora (Euplocamus horsfieldii), and listening for its footfall on the dry leaves, for this pheasant rather disregards the precautions of moving silently.

Suddenly there was a slight noise of a broken twig on the projecting branch of a tree almost overhead in front of me. A glance showed to me a leopard stretched out on the branch and gazing earnestly into the bushes below it.

The leopard was hunting the mathoora after his fashion, hoping to pounce on it from the tree. He was so intent on his work that he seemed not to have heard or smelled or seen me. In a moment I raised my gun and fired a charge of No. 5 shot into his head just behind the ear. The leopard fell dead almost at my feet, nearly all the shot having penetrated the brain. But if I had not been so lucky as to see the leopard, and also as to have killed it, it might perhaps have jumped on me and broken my neck, or in its dying struggles it might have bitten and mauled me. It was great luck for me, but bad luck for the leopard.

It was a very handsome young beast, apparently full grown, though leopards vary so much in size and length that it is not easy to say when one of them has reached maturity. This adventure happened many years ago. I still have the animal's skin, but it looks rather dingy and dirty now.—Longman's Magazine.

"When your heart is bad, and your head is bad, and you are bad clean through, what is needed?" asked a Sunday-school teacher of her class. "I know—Ayer's Sarsaparilla," spoke up a little girl, whose mother had recently been restored to health by that medicine.

HERE AND THERE.

Two famous Parisian prisons will very shortly cease to exist. They are the Roquette, near Pere Lachaise cemetery, and the prison of Ste. Pelagie, with its sorrowful souvenirs of the reign of terror. The government intends to build a large prison in their stead.

There is a curious laburnum tree at Serbiton, in Surrey. Every summer it is covered with blossoms of two distinct colors, pink and yellow. Such trees are very rare, and are said to only exist in the southern parts of France.

The theory here advanced is that every animal when its thinking powers are paralyzed by fear and danger, resorts automatically to precisely those movements ordinarily used to escape from foes. In the case of nearly all quadrupeds when thrown into the water, the automatic effort is to escape by running, and this action being favorable to progression in the water any quadruped can swim, although it may have inherited no ancestral experience in the art. Modern man has doubtless descended from immediate savage ancestors who had all learned to swim. But this was an acquired art. Man is by descent of scansorial origin, descended from a stock which when startled by fear raised its hands aloft and sought escape by climbing; and when his thinking powers are paralyzed, as on falling into the water, man, too, performs the same acts instinctively—he endeavors to grasp something, if it is only a straw.

Many people who keep pet birds, especially parrots, are often distressed when they find them become irritable and begin to pick out their feathers, a habit which, when once contracted, it is very difficult to break them of. It may almost in such cases be taken for granted that the judicious rule of an entirely vegetable diet has been broken through, thanks to the mistaken kindness of some servant or child. Any kind of meat disagrees with both parrots and cockatoos, infallibly producing in a short while the above symptoms. Although these beautifully plumaged birds are originally from warm countries, they can be acclimatized here, and the experiment has been made with perfect success of allowing them to go free in large parks, their food being placed ready for them at regular times in the same places.

Seventeen years ago, when first I saw the Falls of Niagara, the place on either side was horrible with drinking shanties, with ruffianly hacks and with vile advertisements. The Canadian side was quite as bad as the American side. All that is now altered. The shanties are gone, the hacks are reduced to comparative civility, and there is not a single advertisement left. On either side is a lovely park, with grass, almost English in its softness, kept always green by the spray from the Falls, planted with flower beds and provided with seats. Bridges take one to the islands, where one may sit under the shade of the trees and watch by the hour the rushing current as it sweeps along, sending out little branches and eddies between the islands before it takes its awful leap upon the rocks below.—Walter Besant.

The neighborhood of Forfar is interesting. Forfar Castle, which formerly stood on an elevated site to the north of the town, was a royal palace, and though the exact date of its erection cannot be fixed with certainty, it possessed more than usual historic interest from the fact of its being the supposed place of meeting of the first Scottish Parliament, convened by Malcolm Canmore. The castle was destroyed in 1307 by King Robert Bruce. Only a few traces of the building remain. But the authorities of the town, some years since, removed the market cross thither, to indicate the site, and an observatory in the shape of a castellated tower near it commands an extensive view of the town and neighborhood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, the king of medicines, conquers scrofula, catarrh, rheumatism and all other blood diseases. Hood's and only Hood's.

Children of the State.

Australia is a continent without an orphanage, a country without an orphan. Each waif is taken to a receiving house, where it is cared for until a country home is found. The local volunteer societies canvass their neighborhoods, and send to the children's committee of the destitute board the names and circumstances of such families as they have found where children may be placed. The children's committee selects that home which it judges is best adapted to the development and care of the child in question. No child is placed in a family so poor that the child might suffer hardship. The foster parents receive a sum averaging $1.25 per week for the care of the child and for proper clothing. When of school-age the child must be in school. The local volunteer committee looks after its care and culture, and zealous neighbors often assist in watching the growth and education of these happy children. When the child is 14 years old he begins to work. His earnings are placed in the postal savings-bank, and at 17 or 18 he goes out into the world, an independent man. The state, at an expense of less than $70 a year, has raised a man or woman to contribute to its wealth, and prevented the manufacture of a criminal and the expense of courts, prisons and reformatories.

It may seem strange that Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand have so far outstripped us in this humane, charitable and economic work of child-saving and the prevention of disease. In our cities the slaughter of children in "institutions" still goes on, the growth of our defective and criminal class still increases, the calls upon the thrifty and humane still grow importunate, but we are unwilling to learn. It were better to recognize at once that as civilization advances the functions of the state must advance into new fields. The care of the children can no longer be left to the church and the street. As society, represented by the state, must protect itself against enemies from without, so it must protect itself from the greater enemy that it is suckling within. It is unnecessary to point to the influence upon general morality which the daily observation of the life of the children of the streets exerts upon the more fortunate. This depressed moral tone makes our political corruption possible. Hope lies not in restricting but in extending political activity.

Two women, Miss Clark and Miss Catharine Spence, destroyed the orphan asylums of Australasia, robbed the continent of its orphans, and saved these colonies from a horde of criminals and dependents. Some good man or woman must raze every orphan asylum and "home" in the United States to the ground. We have outlived them. We are too thrifty to keep them longer, pretending to perform a function they are unequal to.—The Medical Times, Philadelphia.

No other remedy is so reliable, in cases of sudden colds, or coughs, or for any and all derangements of the throat and lungs, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This wonderful medicine affords great relief in consumption, even in the advanced stages of that disease.

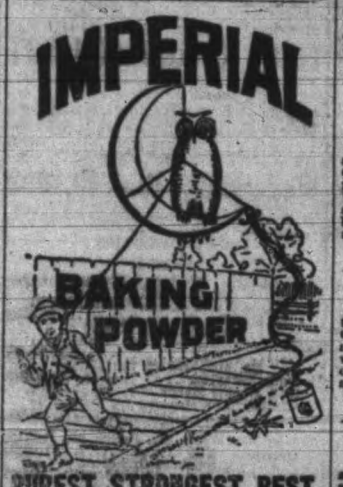
Genuine Old-Fashioned Romance.

Here is a delightful "Romance of Grosvenor Square." Two American ladies rented one of the large houses in that square some months ago, and during last season dispensed large and generous hospitality. In one of the principal rooms, a large bed-room over the drawing-room was what old servants of the last owner (Lord Donington) and decorators employed in the room insisted was a false door, and not a cup-board as the new owners thought.

A few days ago feminine curiosity caused a locksmith to be sent for, and after hours of labor a cupboard was discovered. When opened masses of dust revealed that it must have been closed for many years, and a torn scrap of an old Times showed a date of 60 years ago. The contents proved vastly exciting, for, after some old chintzes, evidently the summer dresses of an entire room, were removed, a large iron casket was found firmly fastened to the floor.

When the lid was removed a strange and touching collection of things were found. A Bible at the top soon showed by the inscription on the first page, the name of the owner, and letters, miniatures, locks of hair, and other relics of dead children and friends, testified to the affection of some one now dead and gone. The courteous and generous owners of the house and finders of this treasure after considerable trouble succeeded in finding out the now living members of the family to which the relics belonged, and handed them over their lawful property. For sixty years that door had remained closed, while four families owned and inhabited the house, none of whom had the curiosity to have the closet opened.—London Woman.

There has been no more important discovery in medical science during recent years than the invention of Esselgy's Liver Lozenges. Their discovery is of interest and benefit to nearly every person living.



PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, or any Injurious

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young, Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership existing since 1889 between Di Chu, Yee Pook, Dap Um and Ham Foo, under the firm name of Yick Lung & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Di Chu retiring. The firm will not be responsible for any bills contracted by Di Chu after this date. Bills of all goods heretofore purchased by Di Chu must be presented before December 1st, 1893.

YEE POOK,
DAP UM,
HAM FOO.

(Yick Lung & Co., 34 Fisgard St.)
Victoria, November 16, 1893. n16-1m

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Clarence Henry King and William John Ewing, carrying on business under the firm name of King & Ewing, at 51 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, W. J. Ewing retiring from the firm. The business of the late firm will be carried on by Clarence H. King, by whom all liabilities will be paid and to whom all debts due to the late firm are to be paid.

Dated December 1, 1893.

(Signed) W. J. EWING.
(Signed) C. H. KING.

Notice of Dissolution.

The partnership heretofore existing between Malcolm Galbraith, John Reardon and Richard Maxwell, under the name of "Galbraith, Reardon & Maxwell," as loggers, at Burgoyne Bay, S. S. L., was on 8th December, 1893, dissolved by mutual consent. Richard Maxwell retires and Malcolm Galbraith and John Reardon continue the business, assuming all liabilities of the old firm.

Dated 11th December, 1893.

RICHARD MAXWELL.

dec11-d3w1t

Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited (Foreign).

Registered the 13th Day of November, 1893.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

This is to certify that I have this day registered the "Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited," (Foreign) under the Companies' Act, Part IV, Registration of Foreign companies and the Companies' Act Amendment Act, 1890."

The objects for which the company is established are:—

A. To carry on the business of a Loan and Trust Company in all its branches.

B. To lend money for any term to any person, partnership, corporation or association.

C. To purchase, take, or lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property rights or privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business, and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds.

D. To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association, or company, possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company, or carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conviently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the company, calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks, or obligations of this company.

E. To purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, and to hold the shares, stocks or obligations of any company in the United Kingdom, or elsewhere, and upon a distribution of assets or division of profits to distribute any such shares, stocks or obligations amongst the members of this company in specie.

F. To borrow or raise money for any purposes of the company and for the purpose of securing the same and interest or for any other purpose, to mortgage or charge the undertaking or all or any part of the property of the company present or after acquired or its uncalled capital, and to create, issue, make, draw, accept and negotiate perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture stock, bills of exchange, promissory notes, or other obligations or negotiable instruments.

G. To sell, let, develop, dispose of, or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the company, whether acquired in the course of its business as mortgagees or otherwise upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration, any shares, stocks, or obligations of any other company.

H. To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incident to the formation, registration, and advertising of the company, and the issue of its capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for or placing shares, and to apply at the cost of the company to parliament for any extension of the company's powers.

I. To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents, or in partnership, or conjunction with any other person, firm, association, or company, and in any part of the world.

J. To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is five hundred thousand pounds sterling divided into fifty thousand shares of ten pounds each.

The place of business of the said company is located at the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, the 13th day of November, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

(Signed) C. J. LEGGATT,
N18 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

NOTICE.

Municipal Act, 1892.

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held in next March for the transfer from myself to Horatio White, of the license now held by me to sell wines, spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the "Onileca Saloon," Government street, in the city of Victoria.

M. J. CONLIN.

Dec. 6th, 1893. d47-30t

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine and beer, in the Balmoral Restaurant, on Douglas street, situated between View and Fort streets.

F. W. GARLAND.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 14. n14-1d

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to William Joseph Phillips of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 8th day of November, 1893.

ROBERT DUDGEON.
HARRY BRICE.

Nov8-1m

NOTICE.

Municipal Act, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as Duck's Building, situate on Lots numbers 159 A and 160 A, Block 2, Broad Street, in the City of Victoria, B. C.

Dated at Victoria 10th November, 1893.

n10 M. C. BROWN.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine, beer and spirituous liquors in the Hotel Victoria, corner of Government and Johnson streets, Victoria, B.C.

P. T. PATTON.

Victoria, Nov. 10, 1893. td

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at the next sitting, to be held on Wednesday, the 13th day of December, 1893, for a renewal of the license granted to me for the sale of wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Janion Hotel, situate upon the west side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 10th day of November, 1893.

n10-13d JOHN TURNER.

NOTICG.

Municipal Act, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as "The Wilson" Hotel, situate on Lot 421 Yates street, in the City of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria 9th November, 1893.

WILLIAM KELDAY TULLOCH.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 103 Johnson Street. Telephone 183; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. ly5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4

FRANK BOURNE (25 years experience). The leading Piano Tuner and Repairer. Send post card or call at 134 Fort St. (Six years resident.) Terms moderate. oct

E. G. WICKENS, Professor of Music, from the Royal Academy and Guild Hall Schools of Music, London, Eng., is prepared to receive Pupils for Violin, Viola, Cello, Piano and Cornet, &c.; also Harmony and Counterpoint. Terms moderate. Address, 71 View St., near Catholic Ch. Sep22-3m.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, ja13 Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 6755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Pioneer streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja18 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications held on the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pioneer streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ly25 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.B. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, 1-19 Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 4, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight is cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, oct9 K. of R. &S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 138

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving to all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
934 Douglas Street.

S. A. STODDART
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 20 years.

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.
114 Yates Street.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA WEST HALL.
Friday and Saturday, Dec. 15, 16.
The great comedy drama, in 4 acts, entitled
"STRIFE"
—by—
The Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society,
Commencing at 8 p.m. Admission 25c.; reserved seats 50c., to be obtained at T. N. Hibben & Co's. bookstore. Grand Family Matinee on Saturday, December 16th, at 2:30 p.m. Admission 25c.; children under 12, 10c. See small bills. d12-td

Grand Bazaar
AT PHILHARMONIC HALL,
Given by the Young Ladies of the Reformed Episcopal Church,
Tuesday, Dec. 19th
Doors open at 12. Lunch from 12 to 2.
Concert and Tableaux
at 8 o'clock.
Admission to Concert 50 Cents.
Children Half Price.
d12-td

Y. L. I.
Charity Concert
—IN THE—
INSTITUTE HALL,
VIEW STREET,
Thursday, December 14.
Commencing at 8 o'clock p.m.
For the Benefit of the Poor and Needy
Admission 50 cents. Doors open at 7.30 p.m. d11-4t

FIRST GRAND CONCERT
—IN THE—
Metropolitan Methodist Church
PANDORA AVENUE.
Wednesday, Dec. 13, 1893
The Choir will be augmented to forty voices

PROGRAMME.

PART I.
1. Organ solo, "Poet and Peasant"..Suppe
Mr. George Pauline.
2. Cent. solo and chorus, "Hark! Hark! My Soul"..Shelley
Metropolitan Choir.
3. Double quartette, "Only Waiting"...Blackstock
By Members of the Choir.
4. Duet, "Maying"..A. M. Smith
Mrs. Dennis Harris, Mr. W. E. Buck.
5. Chorus, "The Heavens are Telling"..Hadyn
Metropolitan Choir.
Trio by Miss O'Neil, Mr. Parfitt, Mr. Bishop.
6. Overture, "The Contest"..Herold
Metropolitan Orchestra.
7. Solo, "The Valley of Shadows"..Barri
Mr. W. Edgar Buck.
(Violin obligato, Mr. E. Wolff.)
(Piano, organ and choral accompaniment.)

PART II.
1. Trio, "Break, Break, Break"..Anderton
Mrs. Dennis Harris, Miss Bertha Jameson, Mr. A. Aspland.
2. Part song, "Rhine-Raft-Song"..Pinsutti
Metropolitan Choir.
3. Solo, "Wonders of the Deep"..W. H. Jude
Mr. J. G. Brown.
4. Duo, "The Moon Hath Raised Her Lamp"..Benedict
Mr. A. Aspland, Mr. W. E. Buck.
5. Double quartette, "Sweet and Low"..Barnby
By Members of the Choir.
6. Violin solo, "Elegie"..H. Ernst
Mr. Ernest Wolff.
7. Trio, "Gipsies Laughing Song"..
Mrs. Dennis Harris, Miss Jameson, and Mr. W. E. Buck.
8. Part song, "A spring song"..Glover
Metropolitan Choir.
God Save the Queen.
Accompanists, Mrs. Drury and Mr. Pauline.
Musical Director, Mr. W. Edgar Buck.
To commence at 8 p.m. sharp.
Tickets, 50 cents.

Knights of Pythias Ball
will be held on
FRIDAY, 29th DECEMBER,
at
ASSEMBLY HALL, FORT ST.
TICKETS, $3.00
which can be obtained from the following committee: E. Pferdner, F. M. Cryderman, P. J. Hall, Geo. E. Moss, Chas. L. Cole, J. J. Randolph, W. P. Smith, Geo. Watson, J. M. Hughes, T. Watson, A. A. Aaronson, C. Bloomquist; also from Watson & Hall, J. R. Kerr, C. E. Jones, Dean & Cryderman, Jamieson's bookstore, Cavin Bros. and H. Waller. dec.7-td

ANNUAL SALE OF WORK
AND HIGH TEA
will be held on
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, AT 2 P.M.
by
The Ladies' Aid of First Presbyterian Church,
In the schoolroom, Blanchard street. Admission 10c. Afternoon tea, 10c. High tea from 6 to 9 p.m., 25c. Dec. 7-td

Notice to Contractors.
Tenders will be received up to noon of Saturday, December 16, for the construction of a Frame Building at Esquimalt. Plans and specifications can be seen by applying at the office of Albion Iron Works Co. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
ALBION IRON WORKS CO.
Dec12-4t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A No. 1 white cook for first-class hotel. Address immediately, P. O. box 30, City. d11-3t

ANY ONE with push who makes less than $50 a week is not up to the times. Our solicitors earn from $10 to$25 a day taking orders for "SHEPP'S WORLD'S FAIR PHOTOGRAPHED;" only official fair book authorized by the Exposition management; over 500 oblong pages 9x11 in.; 256 full page copyrighted photographs (sold at the fair at 50 cents each, or $128 for the collection, which we are enabled to sell in one large volume under our concession at $3.25 to $10, according to binding. Canadian agents doing tremendous business. Holiday bonanza. Books on time. Freight paid. Big inducements to any one with push. Terms free. Address Globe Bible Publishing Co., 358 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill., or Philadelphia, Pa. dec.7-10t

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 25cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-26t-o11

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation on a farm by experienced, steady and industrious married man; seven years in last situation. Apply A., Times office. d12-2t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Steam Schooner "Mischief." Apply W. WALKER, 68 Yates St. d10-6t

FOR SALE—A few thoroughbred Berkshire pigs for breeding purposes. Write for prices. J. D. Bryant, Young P. O., B. C. n10-2m-d&w

TO LET.

TO LET—Two well-lighted flats, one 30x65, and one of 7 rooms. Apply to L. LEWIS, 46 Yates St., city. d7-1m

ONLY TWO LEFT of those cosy cottages; 1 four rooms, $5; 1 five rooms, bath, grates, etc., $10, including water. Apply to Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 155 Douglas street. N2-1m

TO LET—From 21st October instant, the "Albion House," 61 Government Street. For terms and particulars apply to 52 Langley Street, Victoria. Oct2-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—In First Presbyterian Sunday-school, or between there and Baptist church, a ladies' gold watch and chain. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. d11-3t

MISCELLANEOUS

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING in the latest styles and perfect fit guaranteed. Miss Scott, 56 Pandora street. n22-1m

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH,
BUTCHER AND PACKER,
72 Yates street. Oc.17

The Daily Times.

FURTHER EXPOSURE.

In the Toronto Globe and Mail appears a statement in regard to the affairs of McGreevy and Connolly which the public must have received with a great deal of interest. This statement is said to have come from a gentleman who has held a high place in the Conservative party and who has had exceptional opportunities for becoming acquainted with the inner history of that party's career. The burden of his argument is that McGreevy and Connolly are treated unjustly in being sent to prison while the politicians who were the major criminals escape all punishment. There is no gainsaying this contention, as the Times has already pointed out, and the gentleman quoted gives some very interesting facts in its support. He alludes in the first place to the very obvious truth that the initiative in such corrupt proceedings as were condemned in the McGreevy-Connolly case must come from ministers or agents of ministers, for contractors are by no means likely to propose the payment of percentages on their contracts into a party election fund. Then the manipulation of the work so that these payments may be recouped to the contractors can be possible only through the active co-operation or the convenient blindness of ministers. But argument on this point would seem to be needless, for no man in his senses will believe that McGreevy and Connolly could have sinned without the connivance of the men in power at Ottawa. In the second place, the gentleman objects to the inference that the two prisoners made money for themselves out of their operations, and on this point he makes a statement worthy of reproducing at some length, for there can be no question about its interest for the public, and it bears every appearance of correctness. This part of the statement reads:

To begin with McGreevy. He is penniless. He was once rated as worth $350,000. That was in 1876, shortly after he had got the contract for the building of the North Shore railway. The contract turned out pretty well for him. Since then, as the evidence shows, he got a great deal of money from Larkin, Connolly & Co. It is a fact that every dollar of it except a sum which has been devoted to the payment of life insurance, and his policies are now hypothecated, has gone into the party chest of the men who have sent him to jail.

All the money he got from Larkin, Connolly & Co., and from other government contractors, during the last fifteen or sixteen years, was taken from him faster, so to speak, than it came to him. He was the siphon through which passed all the funds destined for the treasury of the Conservative party in the district of Quebec, and for years was treasurer. But the party not only drained him of all that was crookedly come by, but of all he had laid up for his old age by years of labor as a contractor on his own account.

Here are some facts and figures on this point. Their accuracy can be determined by an examination of McGreevy's books and papers. I believe they are under rather than over the mark, but I give them as I have got them from a Quebec banker who knows.

Under one head alone, that of journalism, McGreevy paid $45,000 to maintain a Quebec journal conducted by a person who is no longer a Conservative. Recollect, he was the general financier of the Conservative party in the Quebec district. Then it cost him $35,000 to buy and maintain Le Monde of Montreal, which was always believed to belong to Sir Hector. His douceurs to other Conservative journals amounted to at least $35,000 more. Fac-similes of drafts drawn on McGreevy by Sir Hector and Sir Adolphe in the general election of 1887 were printed in Toronto some time ago. The expenditure in the Quebec district on that occasion was $121,500, of which $80,000 was got from Larkin, Connolly & Co., and other government contractors, from subsidized railway companies, from storekeepers doing business with the government, and from a few well-to-do partizans who had no irons in the fire. The over-draft of $41,500 came out of McGreevy's own pocket. The drafts piled in on him before any money worth speaking of had been subscribed, and he had to meet them out of his private bank account. Then, as usually happens in such cases, subscriptions which had been counted on were not obtained at all, while in other cases the sums received were much smaller than those put down to the credit of the fund. This is how it came that McGreevy was fleeced in every campaign. The shortage was too great to be made up by subsequent receipts from contractors.

In the general election of 1882 McGreevy was out $55,000. The expenditure in the Quebec district was $131,500, and all he got was $76,000. After each general election he had to find money for protests and to defend seats, and most of it was furnished by himself, for it was hard work drumming up fresh funds. Then again, during all these years, McGreevy had to provide money, often at short notice, for bye-elections, and bye-elections are always costly. It is within the mark to say that the protests and bye-elections from 1880, when he was appointed treasurer, to 1888, cost him individually $40,000. He had to perform other services which cost money. His own elections in Quebec West were expensive, and he spent a great deal in keeping things straight for ministers throughout the Quebec district between election times. The Riel excitement in the fall of 1885 frightened them badly, and he had to pour out money to keep this man quiet, to win over that newspaper, to pay for counter-meetings, and so forth.

McGreevy has been supplying money to the Conservative party ever since he began contracting in Quebec forty years ago. He was a carpenter by trade, but soon got hold of small contracts, and finally blossomed out as a government contractor. He built the Quebec custom house and other public buildings, besides government wharves and harbors and a section of the Intercolonial, which was in Robert's name. His first big job, however, was the parliament buildings at Ottawa. In 1874 he got the contract for the North Shore road from the Quebec government, and finished the work in 1881. All this time he was being drawn upon by the party leaders, provincial and federal, for enormous sums in the aggregate. In 1878 he supplied $63,000 for Sir John Macdonald's purposes in Quebec and Ontario. In 1872, when he had no contracts on hand, he gave $5,000. It was the Pacific scandal campaign, and the party was flush. When he had the North Shore contract provincial ministers and others bled him to the extent of $230,000, but he got a considerable portion back through being allowed by ministers to depart from the plans and specifications. During his construction of the parliament buildings subscribing and scamping went hand in hand for years, and a great lot of money was furnished to ministers. All told, since 1882 McGreevy has paid to the Conservative party for political purposes and to ministers for their own use a sum exceeding $870,000. His books show it, and he has vouchers for most of it.

I do not ask for sympathy for McGreevy. It is time somebody was made an example of. But I do say that the agent of a monstrous system of corruption, who has likewise been its victim pecuniarily, should not be sent to jail while the principals are prominent in the public life of the country.

As for N. K. Connolly, contractors and engineers agree in saying that it would have been better for his pocket had Larkin, Connolly & Co. been allowed to proceed with their contracts as drawn, instead of being enmeshed with the two McGreevys and with the ministers behind the McGreevys. The partners in the firm were drawn on for vastly more than they got by the illicit methods. The report to the committee of parliament of the experts appointed to look into the affair was unintentionally misleading. That is, it led the public to suppose that these men had made a tremendous lot of money. A large profit on such works as they were engaged in would have been proper enough considering the risk they ran from the bursting of coffer dams and other accidents; considering also the special skill required, the capital invested and the great saving made by the Connollys in inventing improvements in the dredges. But if the experts had allowed for the costly plant that was thrown on the hands of the contractors when the work was over and had been in possession of the real truth about the sums paid by the firm on account of the Conservative party, and to persons in high position and positions of trust under the wing of that party, they would have found that Larkin, Connolly & Co. made very little indeed out of the contracts. Their books, vouchers and private stubbs show, I understand, that their total payments to the party, its leaders and hangers-on, exceeded $215,000.

More is added to show that with Connolly it was a case of "pay or quit," for if he refused to contribute to the election funds he would get no more contracts. Of course he should have had the moral courage to refuse, even at such great cost to himself, but it is equally apparent that those who coerced him should be in prison along with him. The additional light which this statement throws upon the corruption of the Conservative regime at Ottawa must add to the disgust which decent people have already felt. And there is almost absolute proof that this McGreevy line of operations was only one of many on which the continuance of Conservative administration depended. Other contractors "bled" and a host of tariff beneficiaries contributed to the election fund from their undue profits. Of a truth, the "statesmanship" which Canadians and the world at large were called upon to admire was of a very high order.

A "DEFINITE POLICY."

It seems that the Dominion government has a trade policy which is sure to commend itself to the country. Strange to say, too, that policy involves tariff reform, though the people of Canada have been told almost unceasingly by the ministers and the organs that they are doing quite well with the tariff as it is. How far the result of the Winnipeg election is responsible for the new departure it would be hard to demonstrate, but there is at least some significance in the fact that Sir John Thompson lost very little time in announcing to the world, through the medium of the Picton meeting, that the government was fully alive to the necessity of lowering the customs duties. Some persons talk about "handwriting on the wall," but the premier seems to have seen in the Winnipeg election the shadow of a very large foot, to whose impact he does not intend to expose his political person—if only he can dodge quickly enough. Therefore he has adopted a "definite policy," which appears after all to consist in an effort to make the people believe that the government will lighten their tariff burden, the manufacturers being at the same time being kept quiet and sure of the assurance that they will not lose their "protection." But there is more than the lowering of duties in the government's programme; for we are to secure a practical measure of reciprocity by means of concurrent legislation at Ottawa and Washington. Sir John is reported to have put it in this way:

Referring to the proposed United States tariff, Sir John said that, step by step, as they made a reduction of duties on articles of Canadian produce, the Canadian government would take a corresponding step in lowering the duty on American products—and that had been Canada's statutory offer for years. Consistently with the necessities of the revenue the Canadian government would do everything in its power to make freer trade between the two countris, without sacrificing our commercial independence, the control of our tariff or the bonds of our attachment to the mother country.

It is rather odd that within a short time after the premier had thus been announcing to Nova Scotians the determination of the government to make trade with the United States as free as possible, the minister of finance was found at Ottawa preaching very different doctrine. This appears, at all events, from the following Ottawa dispatch:

This morning's Citizen publishes an interview with Hon. Mr. Foster, finance minister, in which the latter does not speak in enthusiastic terms of the Wilson tariff bill. He says its aim is to give Canadian raw material to the manufacturers of the United States and that "increased trade which may be expected from reductions proposed in the Wilson bill is one in raw material which contemplates the least employment of labor and the least distribution of wages possible in Canada, and is therefore liable to retard rather than accelerate the development of our own resources. The result would be to draw the natural resources of Canada in their raw or unmanufactured state into the United States, there to be put through all the process of manufacture, with consequent greater employment of labor and distribution of wages."

The man who can harmonize these two ministerial utterances is welcome to the conclusion that the government is possessed of a "definite" tariff policy. British Columbians who had the good fortune to hear Mr. Foster's trade platitudes will not be surprised by his display of mossback protectionism in the Citizen interview, but they must, in common with other people, be somewhat mystified over the differences between the two ministerial opinions of the United States tariff bill. In all kindness we would suggest that the ministers should agree in their public utterances, whatever their private views may be, else there will be some danger of the people's refusing to believe in the definiteness of the government's policy. It must be admitted, however, that Mr. Foster shows himself the logical and consistent protectionist, for it is undoubtedly bad policy from the protectionist point of view to encourage the export of raw material. Nevertheless that is what the government fully intends to do, according to the premier's exposition of its programme.

WRECK RAISING.

To the Editor: In your issue of the 8th inst. I find that I inadvertently made an error in my quotation from an article on "wreck raising." I said that the cost of the Alphita was thirteen hundred pounds. It should have been thirteen thousand pounds. Should any of your readers be desirous of reading the whole article they will find it in the April number of Chambers' Journal for 1878, under the heading of "Captain Coppin."

J. J. BARBER.

Marine

The sealer Enterprise will sail for Yokohama probably to-morrow.

Hibbard & Norton's sealer Volunteer left Seattle to-day on her sealing cruise. She is in command of Capt. G. W. Wheeler this year.

The N. P. Steamship Co. will receive $30 a head for all the deported Chinese its steamers carry back to China from the Sound and Portland.

3271 Fancy Cups and Saucers
At Russell & McDonald's.

Sympathy From Perfidious Albion.

Paris, Dec. 12.—Dupuy has received a letter from the speaker of the British house of commons expressing sympathy with the French chamber because of the dynamite outrages.

The Roof Fell on Them.

Bellair, O., Dec. 13.—Six of a gang of carpenters engaged in tearing down the largest house here for the Swift Packing Company of Chicago, this morning, were seriously injured by a section of the roof falling on them. Three of the victims are not expected to live through the day.

"CABINETS" $4 per doz.
"CORONAS" $5 per doz.
The newest and most beautiful style of photo. Soft, delicate and artistic.
These prices are for Xmas trade.
Skene Lowe, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

HAPPILY WEDDED.

Miss F. E. Armstrong and A. W. Taylor Married To-Day.

New Westminster, Dec. 13.—A fashionable wedding took place this afternoon at Holy Trinity cathedral, when two well known Victorians were joined in holy matrimony. The contracting parties were A. W. Taylor, second son of the Rev. J. J. Taylor, vicar of South Shields, Durham, England, and Miss Frances Ella Armstrong, second daughter of the late G. Armstrong, of New Westminster. Miss Armstrong is known in Victoria as having ably filled for eight years the position of principal of the girls' school. The bridesmaids were Miss Rose Armstrong, sister of the bride, and Miss Rosa Armstrong, cousin of the bride, and Miss Arrowsmith of Victoria. C. J. Loewen, of Vancouver, supported the groom. The service was performed by Bishop Sillitoe of New Westminster, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Irwin. The church was crowded to the doors. The presents were many and very handsome. A reception is being held this afternoon, and the happy couple, after a sojourn on the Mainland, intend returning to make their home in Victoria at 8 Franklin street.

SPARE THE ROD.

Principal Tom in Hot Water for Flogging an Urchin.

Vancouver, Dec. 13.—The Licensed Victuallers Society has been formed; there are 50 members. Mr. Aubray, of the Cosmopolitan hotel is president.

Wm. Dinsmore, father of the boy who was whipped by Principal Tom of the east end school, has charged Principal Tom before the school board with driving away pupils with his manners and actions, with brutal conduct and with causing to be published damaging matter in local papers.

TOUCH AND GO.

Narrow Escape from Drowning—The Mayoralty Contest.

Nanaimo, Dec. 13.—A little daughter of A. Dick narrowly escaped drowning in the park pond on Monday. She ventured too near the bank, slipped and fell into the water. The cries of the other children attracted the attention of an elder sister who pulled her out. The father arrived a few minutes after and let a great deal of the water off. The attention of the mayor and council has been called to the matter.

There is every probability of ex-Mayor Hilbert running for the civic chair. A few days ago he said he had not decided what to do. He feels certain of success if it is left between Quinnell and himself.

The Liberals had a very enthusiastic meeting last evening and a great deal of work was done. It was shown by Mr. Ross that the registration of a large number of the citizens had been accomplished, and before another month many more will be placed on the list.

Provincial Constable Alex. McKinnon has been appointed chief of city police by the council, subject to ratification of the commissioners.

Freight and Shipping.

In their monthly freight and shipping report for November R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd., say:

"Dulness and declining rates have been almost the only features worthy of notice during the past month, and quotations at the close show a weak market. Grain freights have suffered most, rates in the lumber market being little changed. This, however, is mainly owing to the fact that they are already so unremunerative that owners would rather allow business to pass than accept less. To our last issue we attached a list of the Canadian sealing fleet, with the catches of the various vessels during the past season. In order to make the record complete we now give in a supplement the catches of the American and Russian vessels, landed at different points on this coast. These figures show a catch of 69,938 skins, which, added to our Canadian catch of 69,741 skins, makes the total for the season 139,679 sealskins. This number is subject to final revision, but it may be taken to be substantially correct as it stands. We quote freights as follows: Grain—San Francisco to Cork, f.o., usual options, 25s. 0d.; Portland to U. K., 32s. 6d; Tacoma to U. K., 30s. Lumber—Burrard Inlet or Puget Sound to Sydney, 27s. 6d.; Melbourne, 37s. 6d.; Port Pirie, 37s. 6d.; Shanghai, 37s. 6d.; Valparaiso, f. o., 37s. 6d. nominal; Cork, f. o., 55s. Coal—Departure Bay or Nanaimo to San Francisco, $1.75 to $2.

8000 Twenty-Five Cent Toys
At Russell & McDonald's.

A 1
Sheffield razors (guaranteed), strops, shaving brushes, etc., the best variety in town, at Fox's, 78 Government street. Children's white fur boas, 35c.

Farmers and Mechanics.
Provide yourselves with a bottle of Pain-Killer. It is a prompt, safe and sure cure for many ills. It may save you days of sickness, and you will find it is more valuable than gold. Be sure you buy the Perry Davis' Pain-Killer and take no other mixture. 25c. is a cheap doctor's bill.

PERSONAL.

F. M. Ruttenbury returned from the Sound this morning.

B. Barneson came up from Port Townsend this morning.

T. F. Currie and wife of Port Townsend are at the Oriental.

R. L. Cawston, of Keremeos, registered at the Oriental last evening.

H. E. Croasdaile was a passenger on the City of Kingston this morning.

W. J. McKeon, who has been ill for several days, was out again to-day.

T. E. Ladner and wife leave for California by the Walla Walla on Saturday.

E. A. Jenns, New Westminster; R. A. Anderson, F. Buscombe and W. McLean, Vancouver, are at the Driard.

Are you subject to sick headache? Use Beecham's Liver Lozenges. They will cure you.

The Novelty This Xmas

Is that line of imported decorated Toilet Bottles and Atomizers in the windows of

Cochrane & Munn,

Prescription Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

☞See our display.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—Sunset lodge, K. of P., did more rank work last night.

—Bowes' Bronchial Balsam Cures Coughs. 27 Johnson. *

—Ladies, Hinde's curling pins at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Metropolitan Methodist church concert this evening. W. Edgar Buck will direct.

—There were no cases in the police court this morning, not even the usual drunk.

—T. A Graham of the Southern Pacific arrived in the city this morning from Tacoma.

—A fine line of Sheffield carvers in cases just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—The Y. M. C. A. holiday fair closed last night with the presentation of the Carnival of Mystery.

—The Reformed Episcopal church bazaar will take place on Tuesday, 19th inst. Luncheon at 2 p. m. Concert in the evening.

—The desirability of the municipal local government system will be discussed at the meeting of the Diocesan Litrgary and Scientific Society this evening.

—The Paragon Oil Co. complain that they have to pay more duty on the Paragon oil than on Pratt's Astral oil, because the Paragon oil is a much finer test and quality. *

—The centennial Methodist church concert in Institute hall last night was well attended. The programme was interesting, containing many choice numbers ably executed. Clement Rowlands managed the entertainment.

—The evening of Friday, the 29th inst. has been chosen for the annual Sabbath school Christmas entertainment of St. Paul's church in Victoria West hall. "Kiendierspiel," or "The Happy Family," will be repeated by special request of parents and friends.

—The case against Mitchell was heard in the police court yesterday with closed doors. The hearing lasted all day and the court adjourned at a late hour to sit again Thursday morning. Mr. Belyea defended Mitchell, and the prosecution was conducted by the superintendent of police.

—At the suggestion of a number of athletic patrons of the institution Proprietor George Mesher of the Leander baths is putting up a fine trapeze to overhang the centre of the tank. Many frequenters of the bath like to mingle a little gymnastic exercise with their aquatics, and believe a trapeze will fill the aching void.

—The results of not cleaning snow off the sidewalks was painfully exemplified this morning, the keen frost last night having glazed the walks so that pedestrians found it extremely difficult to make progress. Many of these in a hurry to reach town took the middle of the streets. Where the snow had been cleaned off the sidewalks the planking was dry and suitable for foot passenger traffic.

—St. Saviour's church new Sunday school building will be opened this evening. The following is the programme: Address, the lord bishop; piano duet, Messrs. Russell and Middleton; piano duet, the Misses Nicholson; recitation, Miss Gaudin; song, Mr. Jay; song, Miss Nicholson; violin solo, Mr. Chambers; song, Mr. Robertson; song, Mr. Muir; recitation, Miss Lawson; song, Mr. Foulkes; song, Mr. A. E. Cave; and trio, Messrs. Middleton, Russell and Jay.

—On Friday afternoon, 15th inst., from 3 to 4, the Leander baths will be reserved for the pupils of Victoria Collegiate Institute, their parents and friends. The pupils will give an aquatic exhibition, and there will be races for two very handsome prizes presented by Robert Ward. Tickets of admission may be obtained from Rev. C. Ensor Sharp. Every boy in the Collegiate Institute can swim, thanks to the intelligent and painstaking care of Instructor John St. Clair. Some of the lads are very fine swimmers, and all are able to get themselves out of trouble in the water. The programme for Friday afternoon's water tournament is as follows:

1. Class (20) plunge in at word of command.
2. Follow-my-leader. Led by Worlock.
3. Senior swimming race; three lengths of bath.
4. Neat diving.
5. Junior race; one length.
6. Water polo, captained by Worlock.
7. Lighted candle race.
8. Rescue race, Royal Humane Society instructions.
9. Tourney for consolation prize.

—The Chenille curtains have arrived at Weiler Bros.' *

—The best perfume—attar of roses in tubes. At Bowes', 27 Johnson st. *

—Candle shades, lamp shades, frames for lamp shades, etc., at Weiler Bros.' *

—If you want an inexpensive but pretty Xmas gift for your friend call at Weiler Bros.' *

—The steamship Arawa brought an American mail from Honolulu. It was landed here.

—The regular monthly meeting of the school board will be held at the city hall at 8 o'clock to-night.

—The secretary-treasurer of the B. C. Benevolent Society has received $150 from the city corporation to-day.

—H.M.S. Garnet went into the straits this morning for target practice. She will probably return this evening and go out again in the morning.

—The next ordinary meeting of the Presbytery of Victoria will be held in St. Andrew's church, Nanaimo, on Monday next, 18th inst., at 2:30 p. m.

—Canton Victoria, No. 1, Patriarchs Militant, will meet on Saturday evening at I. O. O. F. hall. As there is important business to be dealt with every member is required to be present.

—In commission. Lange & Co., jewelers, Douglas street, have just received a fine assortment of goods for the holidays, for which they are asking very low prices, so as to dispose of them by the first of January. *

—The total number of Chinese immigrants who paid the poll tax last month was 99, a great decrease on the corresponding month last year, when the number was 207. Last month the arrivals were 31 at Victoria, 57 at Vancouver, 7 at Westminster and 4 at Montreal.

—Rev. O. B. Read began a series of meetings in Emmanuel Baptist church, Spring Ridge, last night. The meeting was of very great interest. A good congregation, an excellent sermon, good singing and a spirit of deep devotion were the chief characteristics. Meetings will be continued each evening of this week.

—Among the arrivals by the steamship Arawa yesterday was George Van Houten, a newspaper man, who spent several months visiting the different islands of the Hawaiian group. He made a close study of the political situation and will write his opinions for the American press. He delivered several very interesting lectures to the passengers on the way up.

—Chief Peter of the Neah Bay Indians is preparing his three schooners the James G. Swan, Lottie and Dieaks for the season of 1894. The supplies are being purchased at Port Townsend where the schooners will be fitted out. Chief Peter can send his Indians into Behring Sea during the closed season as he is the owner of the schooners outright, and they will be manned entirely by Indians except possibly navigators.

—The Arawa brought rather a good piece of news from Honolulu about Count Festetics and Mate Wichman of his private yacht. The count and countess left San Francisco in their yacht on a pleasure trip early in November, and while on the way south the count discovered 250 pounds of prepared opium on board. Its ownership was traced to Wichman. The count, knowing the danger in which he was placing his vessel by carrying the opium threw it all overboard.

"The boys" of the city are going to give the players and officers of the Victoria lacrosse club a reception on the night of Saturday, Dec. 23rd. A preliminary meeting was held yesterday evening in Sons of St. George Hall. It was well attended and decidedly enthusiastic. A committee consisting of Geo. Powell, chairman, Herb Robertson, treasurer; E. G. Anderson, S. D. Schultz, P. Lampman and Martin Egan was named to take the matter up. The affair is to be novel in respect to the features of the programme, and the presentation of the pennant will probably take place then.

—A resident of Cadboro Bay road has reported to the police that the garden of a vacant house belonging to him is being stripped of its holly. The theft of the holly has been going on some time, and last night the owner of the premises hid behind one of the trees to watch for the thieves. He had lain in wait half an hour when he saw two young men enter the front garden and begin to cut branches off the holly bushes. He did not spring upon them, although close enough, but preferred to take a good look at their faces. An electric light is close by, and this enabled him to see the young men very well. One of them he recognized as having seen about the law courts. He did not know the other. Full descriptions have been given to the police.

—The sale of work of the Willing Workers of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church opened in Philharmonic hall this afternoon. To-night the following programme will be rendered: Piano duet, Misses Shroeder and Russell; recitation, descriptive, Messrs. Boyd and Allan; song, "Fairies of Dreamland," Miss Johns; violin selection, Scotch, Miss Brown; recitation, Miss Lawson; Indian club exercise, Miss Murray; piano solo, Mr. Burnett; vocal quartette, "Eldorado," Misses Hutcheson and Brown and Messrs. Patrick and Dobbs; recitation, "the Organ Question," Rev. Mr. Chisholm; song, "The Romany Lass," Mr. Martin; piano duet, Misses Ross and Russell; song, Miss Hutcheson; chorus, "Fairy Voices," the Willing Workers. The proceeds of the bazaar will be devoted to the Presbyterian Chinese mission.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tarter Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

SINGLE TAX CLUB.

Another Interesting Meeting in Pioneer Hall Last Evening.

The winter meetings of the Victoria Single Tax club, commenced some time ago, are growing more interesting as the season advances. There was a large attendance at last night's meeting, President Howell being in the chair. Routine business was disposed of, among the communications being one from the city clerk granting the club the use of the city hall for next Wednesday evening and another from L. E. Post, the single tax lecturer, saying he would come to British Columbia in May if he could secure two or three engagements. It was decided to endeavor to induce the single tax advocates in the different cities to arrange meetings for Mr. Post.

At the last meeting of the club it was moved by G. Jackson and seconded by W. Marchant "that this meeting pledges itself to support only free trade candidates at the next Dominion elections."

As Dr. Milne, who was to lead off the debate on the question, was absent from the city, the motion was laid over until the next meeting.

Ald. Bragg suggested that there should be some special subject for debate at each meeting of the club.

W. Berridge brought up the long-delayed discussion on the municipal act. The clause which he wished to be particularly discussed at present was clause 170, which limits the regular rate of taxation in the cities to 1 1-2 per cent. Some would say if the single tax ideas were in force this 1 1-2 per cent. would not be sufficient to raise the revenue to carry on civic works. If this was so the council should be allowed to levy a higher rate on the land and do away with the tax on improvements and the trade licenses. He moved that the city members of the legislature be asked to have the act amended so as to allow the city to levy a rate of 5 per cent.

J. A. Cohen thought the municipalities should not be limited to any rate of taxation. It was treating them like minors and children for a government to say just what amount of taxes the city can collect. It would be all right if the government that limited the rate of taxation would say, "Well, if you cannot pay your expenses with that rate we will pay the balance."

Mr. Berridge altered his motion to suit Mr. Cohen's views, so that it read "to do away with any limit to taxation."

W. G. Cameron did not think much could be done until the city had a special charter. Under the present system the people in the rural districts were legislating for the cities, in which they had no interest.

The motion as amended was carried.

Jas. Cohen said he saw by the Times Ald. Harris proposed to introduce a resolution at the council to memorialize the government to alter the municipal act so as to allow property owners to vote, whether they paid their taxes or not. This he thought was a matter of congratulation to the club, as they had been advocating a similar amendment for some time. It would benefit the workingmen, as it was they who were generally unable to pay their taxes. Ald. Harris was not a subscriber to the single tax paper, but he, like Ald. Belyea, evidently read it.

B. H. West suggested that to make the meetings interesting the editor of the Colonist be invited to attend and discuss single tax.

After a few questions had been asked and answered the meeting adjourned.

General Meeting, Important Business.

A meeting of all persons interested in the purchase of toys and Xmas gifts will be held in the stores of Russell & Mclas street, every day and evening from Donald, opposite the iron church, Douglas now till the 23rd inst.

Rev Mr. Coombes to Resign.

Rev. J. E. Coombes, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, has announced his intention of resigning his pastorate. There is to be a meeting of the congregation to-morrow night, when it is likely that his formal resignation will be presented. Mr. Coombes has not decided on his plans for the future. He has a leaning toward evangelistic work, and may take it up. Rev. Coombes came to Calvary church over a year ago from La Conner, Wash., and is one of the most popular pastors in the city. The date of his farewell sermon is not known. The pastor's family is in Southern California for the winter.

The Arawa.

The Sydney Mail, describing the steamship Arawa, which arrived here from Australia yesterday says: "The Arawa is one of the best known, as indeed she is one of the finest, vessels specially built for the fail service between London and New Zealand. She has made voyages from Plymouth to Hobart in 35 days, 7 1-2 hours, via the Cape of Good Hope, speed 14 knots an hour right through. She has made many averages of 15 knots, though 14 was her best mean, Plymouth to Tasmania. Her best from Plymouth to Otago was 38 days 30 minutes steaming, and on that performance she claims to have beaten everything over the same route. The Arawa and the Tainui are sister ships. They are fitted with the new triple-expansion form cylindered engines introduced by Messrs. Denny & Co., of Dumbarton, Scotland, and they use their steam at a pressure of 160 pounds to the square inch. The saving, however, is very large, through the stem being used over and over again as long, in fact, as it has any force remaining. Consequently the Arawa, a ship of 5250 tons, maintained an average speed of 14 knots an hour on a coal consumption of 52 tons a day. Probably no finer looking vessels of their size have ever been turned out by a builder than the Arawa and the Tainui. Their great length, 460 feet over all, is made to appear even greater by there being four masts instead of the usual three and two funnels instead of one. The Arawa is being fitted with refrigerating machinery and insulated compartments for the conveyance of frozen mutton, an advantage over the other two ships. She is due at Sydney from New Zealand, where she is at present, on the 10th of November, and will be despatched by Messrs. Burns, Philip & Co. to Vancouver on Nov. 18th."

1 Only 1

One dollar steam engine left at Russell & McDonald's.

—Dont forget we have the largest and choicest stock of Wines in the city. California Wine Co., Ltd., 55 and 57 Broad street.

Old Silverware

We haven't any. Ours is new. The newest and most beautiful patterns. Not a piece of it has been in stock over three months, and remember we have the largest stock of small things at small cost to suit the times.

Pennock & Lowe, the jewelers, 63 Government street.

12000 Ten Cent Toys

At Russell & McDonald's.

Notice of Sale.

Until the 23rd instant we shall sell the whole of our immense stock of toys and fancy goods at 25 per cent. below cost. Russell & McDonald, 134 Douglas street.

Have You Discovered

That Partridge is really giving up the millinery department? If not, for prices just see his window, 86 Yates street. Felt hats, 10 and 25 cents. A fine fur-trimmed hat for 50 cents. Be in time and have first choice.

Butter From New Zealand.

Erskine, Wall & Co. have received a consignment of butter from New Zealand and have it on sale to-day. This may be like carrying coals to Newcastle, but so long as British Columbia is an importer of butter the sale of the very best foreign article that can be procured will be encouraged. The butter was shipped by Reynolds & Co., owners of the largest creamery in New Zealand, who export largely to the London market. An English expert has pronounced the anchor brand of Reynolds & Co. "quite as good as the best English, if not better." Victorians have now an opportunity of testing its quality, and if found to be as claimed, the home made article will find in it a strong competitor.

The Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

Xmas, 1893

Special attention has been given this year to useful goods Eminently suitable

For Presentation

The latest novelties in silk handkerchiefs, hand bags, purses, etc., etc., etc.

Costumes, black silks, colored silks, etc., etc.

A few pretty things in paletots, jackets, fur capes.

Also a good range of Furs in single garments or sets.

Do not forget that we are the sole agents for the celebrated kid gloves from the factories of Messrs. Perrin Freres et Cie, Grenoble, France.

Our Bretagne 7-hook lace beats the record. Price, $1.25.

All colors, all sizes both in dressed and Suede.

A full line of Gentlemen's Kid Gloves imported from the same makers especially for the holiday trade.

Note—Open each evening during Xmas week until 9 p.m.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Test

The truthfulness of the following announcement:

No reasonable offer will be refused for the

Entire Stock and Fixtures

OF THE

Palace Cigar Divan

110 GOVERNMENT ST.

If unable to dispose of same en bloc, every article will be RETAILED at such PRICES that will prove THIS SALE to be bonafide.

For particulars call on

D. HART,
110 Govt. St.
"STORE TO RENT." Victoria, B.C.

ESTABLISHED 1862. NO. 43 GOVERNMENT ST.

CHEAPER THAN EVER

The Largest Stock!
The Best Quality!
The Lowest Prices!
AT

C. E. REDFERN'S,

In Sterling Silver Table and Toilet Services, English Oak Table Ware, Dixon's Celebrated Electro Plate, Diamonds, and Fine Jewelry, Watches, Clock's. Imported direct from the English Manufacturers for Cash, and are for Sale at the Lowest Possible Prices.

$$$.....$$.....$$$

What you make by getting your clothes made at J. W. Creighton's. Prices—Overcoats from $25.00 up; Suits from $18.00 up, and Pants from $5.00 up.

No. 86 Government Street.

WINTER TIME TABLE

NATIONAL ELECTRIC TRAMWAY AND LIGHTING COMPANY

20 MINUTE CAR SERVICE.

FORT ST.—5c.—First car leaves the Power House at 6:20 a.m.; Hospital at 6:40 a.m. Last car leaves Power House at 11 p.m.; Hospital at 11:20 p.m.

OAK BAY—5c.—First car leaves Junction at 7:20 a.m.; Oak Bay at 7:30 a.m. Last car leaves Junction at 10 p.m.; Oak Bay at 10:30 p.m.

DOUGLAS ST. AND OUTER WHARF—5c.—First car leaves Tolmie Avenue at 6:35 a.m.; Outer Wharf at 6:40 a.m. Last car leaves Tolmie Ave. at 10:55 p.m.; Outer Wharf at 11:00 p.m.

SPRING RIDGE AND BEACON HILL—5c.—First car leaves Beacon Hill at 6:50 a.m.; Fernwood at 6:45 a.m. Last car leaves Beacon Hill at 10:20 p.m.; Fernwood at 11:18 p.m.

ESQUIMALT—10c.—First car leaves Power House at 7:00 a.m.; Campbell's Corner at 7:30 a.m.; Esquimalt at 7:35 a.m. Last car leaves Power House at 10:40 p.m.; Campbell's Corner at 10:30 p.m.; Esquimalt at 11:05 p.m.

F. W. McCRADY, Sup't.

Our Christmas Fruit Arrived

Extra Selected Clusters,
Fine Valencias, ...
Sultanas, ...
Finest Currant, ...
Candied Peel, Etc., Etc.

Full Assortment of Xmas Goods at Very Lowest Pricees.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

The World's Record

Now held at 88 Government street where the $25 Suits are made in 24 hours' notice, and Pants made in 6 hours.

The Goods are not Given Away

But these prices cannot be approached in the East or B. C.

D. CAMPBELL & CO., 88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Mortgagee's Sale of Schooner.

Tenders for the purchase of the.

SEALING SCHOONER "VICTORIA"

Her boats, guns and appurtenances, will be received up to the 20th inst at the office of Thomas Earle, Wharf Street, where full particulars can be obtained. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. dec5-td.

Victoria Building Society

The 30th Drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad Street, opposite View,

ON THURSDAY, 14th DEC., 1893, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.
By order,
A. St. G. FLINT, Sec'y.

A few shares on hand which can be taken up by applying to the Secretary, at his office, 18 Broad St., opposite Driard. d9.

Why Worry?

Your temper with ill-fitting spectacles or eye-glasses; or your eyes with glasses wholly unsuitable! If in need of glasses consult us. Never mind the price, we can suit you within your means.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,

THE ONLY OPTICIANS,
37 Fort Street.

W. J. STODDART.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.

Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $3.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.

Repairs of every description.

New York Hotel Building, Yates Street,

Opposite Wilson Hotel.

N.B.—Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs repaired at half the price charged elsewhere.

Health Wealth Wisdom

You promote the first,
Secure the second,
And prove that you already
Possess the last by
Ordering your Christmas
Supplies from

Saunders'

THE Grocery Store Of British Columbia.

ARRIVED—
New Grass Australian Butter.
Delicious! Try it

Nos. 39 and 41 Johnson Street.

A TURKISH RECEPTION.

Eastern Rules of Etiquette Make the Affair Burdensome.

Sitting before that monotonous little bride and swelling perpetually for lack of a better vehicle of expression became rather tiresome by the time it was afternoon, in spite of the novelty of the situation, and besides, as we had had nothing but coffee and sweets, though repeatedly served, to sustain ourselves since an early breakfast, the pangs of hunger were becoming uncomfortable. We knew that etiquette demanded as long a stay as possible, but we had been there since ten in the morning, and as it was now after two, we thought it safe to take leave of our hostess, who was still moving placidly about among her guests with her baby on her arm, and doing the honors of the place most gracefully. She protested against such an early departure, and insisted that we should not go without the meal which she had ordered to be especially prepared for us. Nearly starved as we were, we allowed ourselves to be persuaded, and so were ushered into a room where there was a small round table covered with a white cloth and set with plates for four. A Turkish towel hung over the back of each of the four chairs. Beside each plate was a fork, spoon and chunk of the dark, sour bread which every one who goes to Turkey soon learns to eat. A number of the shiny black slaves were crouched upon the floor about a huge, round tray, filled with covered dishes. The Amazon in the pearl grey silk appeared to be head waitress, and received our hostess' instructions with a broad smile. As we seated ourselves she explained that they always sat on the floor at meals and ate with their fingers, but that they knew our customs, and so had given us a table and forks. Then they placed in the middle of the table a great steaming bowl of what looked like a mixture of cornstarch pudding and gravy, and a number of the beaming blacks took their places about the table, patted us on our backs by way of encouragement, and said what sounded like "Bouymoon," the equivalent of "go ahead."

We knew what was expected of us, and with commendable gravity we dipped our big spoons into the mixture and began to eat, while our African audience looked on with eager interest to see how we did it. It was fortunate for us that we were so hungry, for under ordinary circumstances I doubt if that soup could have tempted any one of us. As it was, we partook of it with almost as much relish as we displayed, and decided that it was not bad. When we had eaten as much of this as we could the bowl was replaced by a dish containing a leg of boiled mutton. In the attempt to master this difficulty mirth almost vanquished our good manners, for we had no knife, only a fork apiece, and the only way to get any meat was to plunge in the fork and then turn and twist it until a few shreds of meat could be pulled off. As any one can imagine, this was not an easy thing to do, especially as the bone would wobble about most inconveniently, and at times threatened to slide off the dish on to the table. The ludicrous side of the situation evidently appealed to the Amazon's sense of humor, for she was several times obliged to retreat to a far corner of the room to shake off her unseemly amusement. It takes a good deal to upset the Oriental gravity, but in this case the downfall of the Amazon's was quite excusable.

Seven or eight other courses followed the mutton, all of them genuinely Turkish and strange to us. The sweetmeats and pastry which alternated with the more substantial dishes were delicious, but when we came to the "wedding pudding," a thick paste of insipidly sweet orange colored rice, with scarlet rice kernels thickly sprinkled over the top—though in this case each one of us was given a separate bowlful, and invited to eat it all—one taste was sufficient. Allah may preserve the lives of the Faithful who partake of this concoction, but it is too great a risk to run, and so our courtesy yielded to discretion. We finished with pilaf, without which no Turkish meal is complete, and then our attendants washed and dried our hands with the towels on the backs of our chairs and expressed good wishes for our health. Evidently our table manners were as much a novelty to them as the dinner was to us.

We went back to drink a last cup of coffee in the presence of the bride and to chat a little with our hostess before taking our leave. Several of the bride's relatives were just going, and each of them kissed her on either cheek (carefully, so as not to dislodge the diamonds), and whispered something in her ear, to which she replied with eyes still downcast. Poor thing, they told us that she would have to sit in state for three successive days before the wedding could be considered at an end.

At last, with many salaams and exchanges of compliments, we took leave of all the assembly. Our hostess shook hands with us—out of respect to our custom—and thanked us elaborately for the honor we had conferred upon them by our presence at the ceremony, and the smiling throng of slaves followed us to the street door, reiterating, "Good-bye! come again!" until our carriage rattled away over the cobblestones of Stamboul. —C.L.S., in New York Evening Post.

How a Walking-Stick is Made.

The raw material of the British maker who uses native wood only consists of beech, holly, ash, thorn and oak. Sometimes the size of the timber is such that sticks are sawn out of it; but saplings of from 44 inches to 48 inches in length, with a good bark on them, are more valuable. If they taper pretty generally from end to end and have a strong root attached, so much the better. Artificial handles are, of course, fitted to sticks, and with such ingenuity that it is difficult to detect the joint; but it is better for several reasons—strength being the most important—that the handle should be a natural part of the wood.

The rough underwood, then, is cut with a bill-hook, and when we go to the factory we see it lying in bunches, seasoning. It is tough, ugly-looking stuff, and seems valueless; but as we go through the place we easily understand how it changes and becomes marketable.

First of all, the sticks are laid in wet sand—a process which renders them more tough and pliable. Then a workman takes them singly, and, securing one end on his bench, bends them dexterously until he gets them straight. After he has done with them their natural twists and bends are gone forever.

The sticks next pass to another workman, who, by putting them through a circular cutting tool, removes their knots and makes them smooth, and then they are ready for bending or carving.

Those which are to have a curved handle are again put into wet sand until they become pliable. When they are in that condition a portion of each stick is bent by means of metal clamps, etc., into a crook. Then, to set or fix the handle the stick is turned rapidly on a jet of gas until it is dry.

We are told that some manufacturers have another method of making their sticks pliable. They plunge them into hot sand, which has the effect of rendering the wood so soft that it can be bent and twisted in any direction. When it becomes cold it will retain such bend or twist.

In this manner are fashioned those circles, double circles, and the like, in handles of ladies' umbrellas, as well as many of those oddities in sticks that commonly pass for natural curiosities.

We have seen a spiral or cork-screw-shaped walking stick, a wavy walking stick, and a walking stick consisting of three twigs regularly and tightly entwined that all owed their shape to hot sand and a skilful workman.—From "Chums."

Large Texas Pastures.

Very few people at a distance, in thinking of Western Texas, understand that nearly the whole of is at present fenced up in mammoth pastures, yet such is the case. Many of them are larger than ordinary counties, and some of them embrace large parts of three or four counties.

Just west of Belcherville, Tex., come the Silverstein, the Ikard and the Worsham pastures. The latter contains 50,000 acres and has one line of fence 23 miles long, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Pastures of this size continue in almost unbroken succession until we reach Armstrong county. There we find what is known as the Goodnight ranch, the southern boundary of which is a little string of fence 83 miles long. Charley Goodnight, as the owner is familiarly known, is considered one of the richest men in the Panhandle, but I really feel sorry for his boys if he ever sends them out on a hot afternoon to stop hog holes in that little line of fence. It is hardly likely that this is the case, however, as all fences in this country are built to turn cattle and without reference to hogs. There is a little railway station called Goodnight, which consists of the Goodnight residence and the depot. Mr. Goodnight lives in almost baronial style. His park contains deer, a drove of elks and one of the few herds of buffaloes to be found in the United States.

Another fair-sized holding of land is that of the Espinella Cattle Comptny. This contains over 1,500,000 acres and takes in part of Dickens, Crosby and Emma counties. If the land was in the form of a square it would be about 50 miles each way. The Matterdore is smaller, but still includes more than 1,000,000 acres. These are both owned by syndicates, with headquarters in London, and they are only two selected at random out of a large number. They have their bearing on state politics. If it were not for the railroad commission and the alien landholder question, Texas politics would not be worth shucks.

The largest of the alien land holdings belongs to what is called the capitol syndicate. A few years ago the old capitol at Austin burned down, and it was decided to build another on a magnificent scale. An English syndicate agreed to put it up, and in payment therefor they received 3,000,000 acres of public lands. Does the reader realize how big 3,000,000 acres of land is? Imagine a slice of land 24 miles wide and extending clear across the state of Missouri across its northern border. Such a strip would include the whole northern tier of counties, and would be larger than several states of the Union. This would be about the extent of the capitol syndicate's pasture. Few people have any idea that there is such a thing as a single pasture, in one body and within one fence larger than some states in the Union, yet such is the fact. More than that, it is owned by a foreign syndicate. It takes in half of Deaf Smith county and parts of several others.

Another large pasture is that of the X. I. T. Cattle Co. It begins with the Colorado line and extends several counties back this way. The Fort Worth & Denver railroad runs through it. Some idea of its size may be gathered from the fact that the regular night express train enters on the south side of the pasture at 11:05, and, after continuous running, leaves it at 3:20 next morning. A pasture which it takes an express train three and a quarter hours to cross would be considered large in some countries.

Bodies Buried Under Churches.

This is a practice that will never be resorted to again. Meanwhile some of the London churches have been described as human charnel houses, and the sanitary authorities have interfered to good purpose. Says the Lancet, in speaking of St. Martins, Ludgate: "It appears that before the church was closed, and whilst services were still being conducted within its walls, an unpleasant smell had been noticed which was more marked and noticeable during the months and when the stove which warmed the church was alight. When the church was dismantled for repairs the architect thought it advisable to dig down a few feet to satisfy himself that the pillars supporting the roof were substantial. When the workmen had dug to the depth of 18 inches they came upon a heap of coffins with a mass of remains. The previous condition of the church may be judged from the fact that the remains removed occupied 260 boxes. These have been deposited at Woking Cemetery, whither will also be sent the contents of the two vaults. Besides the bodies in the aisles there were, it appears, under the floor of the vestry room some hundreds of bodies that had been buried indiscriminately and without the slightest care. In the year of the great plague 196 bodies were buried in this church. To make matters worse at St. Martin's, the main drains seem to have been connected with this pit, thus providing a large cesspool of putrefying humanity."

Prevention is Better

Than cure, and those who are subject to rheumatism can prevent attacks by keeping the blood pure and free from the acid which causes the disease. You can rely upon Hood's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for rheumatism and catarrh, also for every form of scrofula, salt rheum, boils and other diseases caused by impure blood. It tones and vitalizes the whole system.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy and gentle in effect.

Not Bad for a Mule.

If nobility may be estimated in dollars, the mule is a nobler animal than the horse. Yet there are no autumnal mule shows, and even if there were, it is hardly probable that flower-adorned young women would make a practice of patting the prize animal. The only way to pat a mule, according to the Texas code, is with a fence rail or a board.

The man who collected horse and mule statistics for the census reports shows that the average price of a mule is $7 more than the average price of a horse. The ordinary mule in South Carolina, which owns about 55,000 of the long-eared beasts, is worth about $90; the average price of a horse in the same state is about $79. Texas probably has more mules (about 200,000) than any other state. The average price is about $41, or nearly twice the value of a Texas horse. In Missouri mules are worth about $7 more and in Kentucky about $3 more than horses. Only a few states have no mules, or so few that the statistician did not make a note of them. One of these states is Rhode Island, which the mule driver of Texas doubtless would think is not any too large for a pasture and play ground for a festive mule of southern birth.

Oregon is the only state where horses bring higher prices than mules. The ordinary mule out there is worth $46 and the horse $51. The figures of California are: Mules, $67; horses, $46. In Pennsylvania, where mules, famous for longevity, are much used in the mines, they bring about $86; horses, $67. In this state there are 70 times as many horses as there are mules, which number about 14,000. A New York mule is worth $91 and a horse $76. Mules are prized more in New Jersey than in any other state, the average price being about $106, or $30 more than horses. Illinois has about 140,000 mules, or more than any other western state.—New Yory Sun.

The Clyde Ports.

Dealing in his paper read to the Chicago engineering congress with the harbor of Port Glasgow, Mr. Deas, Clyde Trust engineer, refers to the time when Glasgow was upwards of twenty miles distant from deep water at Greenock, its usual port at that time being Irvine, which was 29 1-2 miles distant by land from Glasgow, from and to which merchandise was conveyed by lighters and pack horses. The Glasgow magistrates made unsuccessful overtures to Dumbarton in 1658 in their desire to have a port nearer home; and being worsted in their efforts to set up harbor-keeping at the mouth of the Leven, they resolved in 1662 to purchase 13 acres of land in Newark, on which they afterwards laid out the town of Port-Glasgow, built harbors and constructed from the designs of James Watt the first graving dock in Scotland. The old harbors of the "Port" were acquired by the municipal authorities thereof from the magistrates of Glasgow as recently as the year 1864, on payment to the latter of 5s. per £ on the amount of debt due on them. The total debt of the Port-Glasgow Harbor Trust at June 30th, 1892, was £71,262 11s. 3d. Mr. Deas also notices the unsuccessful efforts of Renfrew and Paisley to become Clyde ports in recent years.—Greenock Telegraph.

Everyone who can afford it should have a Melissa Rainproof Wrap. The most fashionable, comfortable and economical garment of the day.

It is not Sawdust

We use in making INDURATED FIBRE WARE. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. INDURATED FIBRE WARE imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

Ask for EDDY'S

The Highest Standard of Excellence in Point of Flavor, Nutrition and Digestibility

Has been attained by

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF.

The Public have a positive guarantee that they are getting the best possible form of concentrated nourishment.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE £270,000, $1,314,000

HEAD OFFICE: . . . 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co'

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacte.

Victoria, B C. July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS M.E. B. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Stations	North Bound (Read Down) No. 2 Passenger Daily	North Bound (Read Down) No. 4 Passenger Saturdays	Miles from Victoria	South Bound (Read Up) No. 1 Passenger Daily	South Bound (Read Up) No. 3 Passenger Saturdays	Miles from Wellington
Victoria	De. 8:00 A M	De. 2:00 P M		Ar. 12:30 P M	Ar. 5:30 P M	78
Russell's	8:04	[illegible]	[illegible]	12:20	5:20	77
Esquimalt	8:14	[illegible]	[illegible]	12:10	5:16	[illegible]
Goldstream	8:30	[illegible]	[illegible]	11:45 A M	4:51	[illegible]
Summit Siding	9:14	[illegible]	[illegible]	11:10	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shawnigan Lake	9:24	[illegible]	[illegible]	10:50	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cobble Hill	9:44	[illegible]	[illegible]	10:40	3:46	[illegible]
McPherson's	9:57	[illegible]	[illegible]	10:27	3:31	[illegible]
Koksilah	10:07	[illegible]	[illegible]	10:17	3:21	[illegible]
Duncan's	10:13	[illegible]	[illegible]	10:12	3:16	[illegible]
Somenos	10:23	[illegible]	[illegible]	10:02	3:06	[illegible]
Chemainus	10:40	[illegible]	[illegible]	9:39	2:44	[illegible]
Oyster Bay Siding	11:00	[illegible]	[illegible]	9:15	2:30	[illegible]
Nanaimo	Ar. 11:50 / De. 11:59	3:48	73	De. 8:34 / Ar. 8:20	1:45	[illegible]
Wellington	Ar. 12:14 P M	Ar. 4:00	78	De. 8:10	De. 1:30	

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla - - Dec. 15

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic Route of the World.

Cheap Rates and Fast Time

TO ALL POINTS

East and South East.

THROUGH SLEEPERS on all trains to St. Paul and Montreal.

ELEGANT UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS leave daily for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Every Tuesday for Boston and every Saturday for Toronto running through WITHOUT CHANGE.

STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.

R.M.S. Empress of China sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama Dec. 11th.

R.M.S. Arawa for Australian ports via Honolulu Dec. 16th.

All Atlantic steamship lines represented.

For ticket rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTENAY, General Agent.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC Steamship Co'y.

In connection with THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

The Shortest Route to

JAPAN AND CHINA

Proposed Sailings of Steamers 1893 1894.

(Subject to alteration.)

WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria	Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma	Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul	Feb. 7th
Steamship Victoria	Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma	April 4th
Steamship Mogul	April 25th
Steamship Victoria	May 15th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., General Agents, Victoria.
Or E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P.R.R. Co., Victoria.

QUICK TIME ! ! !

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1106 Pacific Ave., Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria .... Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox .... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo .... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria .... Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria [illegible] Store street.

HONOLULU, BY O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco.

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, December 23, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa .... Thursday, [illegible] Jan., at 2 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east.

Running buffet cars with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first and second-class coaches. Family tourist cars with all modern conveniences daily.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to

C. A. RATTRAY, General Agent, Adelphi Block, Government street, next to Post office.

F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul Minn.

THE WEEKLY TIMES
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Christmas Goods

GIVE SOMETHING USEFUL FOR A PRESENT—Fine Neckties, Silk Handkerchiefs, Fancy Mufflers, Fine Hats, Fancy Braces (1 pr. in box), Cuff Studs, Collar Buttons, Scarf Pins, Fine Linen Handkerchiefs (1 doz. in fancy boxes), Fine Kid Gloves, Gents' Dogskin Gloves, Fine Underwear and Top Shirts, Derby Ties, Windsor Ties, Four-in-hand Ties, Knot Ties. A large consignment of above goods just to hand. See show window.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

Xmas Presents

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

A great many prominent citizens of Quebec are reported to be down with influenza.

The big Gilmour saw mill at Trenton, on the Bay of Quinte, sawed 38,000,000 feet of lumber this season.

The C. P. R. traffic receipts for the week ending December 7 were $380,000. For the same week last year, $438,000.

The governor-general has approved the recommendation of his ministers that the law take its course in the case of Chas. Luckey.

William Hooper, brother of the alleged wife murderer, was sentenced at Brantford to nine months in the Central prison for theft.

Deputy Minister Courtney, who has returned from Washington, says he was very courteously received by the members of congress.

Frank Taylor and Mrs. James Wilson, while driving home, near Kerwood, were struck by a Grand Trunk train and instantly killed.

T. Rutledge, a prominent farmer of the Virden district, died from the effects of injuries received in a scuffle, weeks ago, while going on the train to Winnipeg.

John Shaughnessy, in the hotel business in Toronto for the past 20 years, is dead. He was one of the most prominent members of the Masonic body in the city.

The Cape Town board of trade has written for copies of the Canadian supreme court and judicature act, in view of the prominence which the question of South African federation is attaining.

The latest move in the Toronto mayoralty campaign is a deputation which waited on ex-Alderman Macdougall asking him to run against Warring Kennedy. It is now stated that Mayor Fleming will be a candidate. The contest may yet be three-cornered.

An interesting case was heard in the exchequer court. George Leprohon is suing the crown for damages received by falling on an icy sidewalk in front of the Three Rivers post office. Solicitor-General Curran defended for the crown. The decision will be awaited with interest, as its effects may be far-reaching.

At a meeting of the Toronto Young Conservative association a motion expressing approval of the action of the Manitoba government in refusing to reopen the question of national schools was put to a vote and resulted in a tie. The resolution will be submitted again at the next meeting.

The Montreal Star editorially urges the Dominion government strongly to appoint Hon. Peter Mitchell as governor of New Brunswick. It believes that while there may be other aspirants to the office, there can be no one whose claims, based on valuable services rendered to his native province and to the Dominion, will compare with those of Mr. Mitchell.

The funeral of the late Hon. Rodolphe Laflamme was one of the largest and most representative ever seen in Montreal. The chief mourners were the deceased's two sons, Leopold Laflamme, his brother, and Mr. Justice Jette, his brother-in-law. The pall bearers were Chief Justice Lacoste, Sir Joseph Hickson, Judge Pagnuelo and several other members of the legal fraternity.

Wm. H. Howland, ex-Mayor of Toronto, died on Tuesday afternoon of pneumonia, resulting from an attack of grippe. The deceased was a son of Sir W. P. Howland, ex-lieutenant-governor of Ontario, and was known all over Canada and in many parts of the United States, particularly in regard to his connection with all sorts of philanthropic, temperance and religious work. He was aged 49.

The tug Douglas H. Thomas arrived in Louisburg on Tuesday. She left the Dominion Coal Company's barges Lizzie and Alice off Greyon island at 11.30 on Monday night. The hawser parted at the bow of the Lizzie. It was blowing a gale at the time, with snow squalls and a heavy westerly sea. Captain Nutter lay by until 8 o'clock this morning, but could see nothing of the barges. He left when the weather moderated in search of them. There is a crew of five men on each barge.

Mr. Adams, professor of pathology in McGill university, Montreal, late fellow of Jesus college, Cambridge, and Dr. McEachren, Dominion government veterinarian, who made a microscopic examination of the lungs of animals slaughtered at Deptford ex Hurons, which it was alleged, were affected with pleuro, have sent separate reports to the government. Both agree that the diagnosis of the imperial veterinarians was based on the serious error that the animals were suffering from pleuro. It is openly stated at Ottawa that the officials of the imperial department of agriculture endeavored to make out a case to establish their foregone conclusion.

Rain in Japan.

During the summer season in Japan droughts are very frequent, says the Cincinnati Enquirer, and the rice fields, before so beautiful, presenting as they do all the different shades of green imaginable, usually lose their brilliancy of color, turn yellow and parched, and threaten the total destruction of the crop. Not only does rice suffer, but the wells dry up and necessitate the carrying of water from long distances. So a drought in Japan is, indeed, a great calamity. After waiting and hoping in vain for a downfall of rain, the people turn en masse to evoke the power of their deities to send them the saving showers. A procession is formed of perhaps 200 men, all nearly naked, who, carrying straw emblems representing the sun with rain pouring from it, and with long streamers having prayers written on them flying in the wind, proceed to the nearest river or bay, where the whole company wade in the water until waist deep and surrounding the emblems pray aloud and throw water on the images with both hands.

After doing this several times the procession is formed, when it proceeds to the temple to pray again. This ceremony is repeated several times, and should the rain come in abundance prayers are offered in thanksgiving; should it be only a shower they blame themselves for not having prayed fervently enough and continue their devotions until a downpour takes place.

Another form of devotion for the same purpose takes place at nightfall, when a long boat is filled with men and paddled swiftly across the harbor, accompanying the prayers by the regular beatings of tom-toms and gongs. Sometimes at night, away down the bay, may be heard the weird sound of the tom-toms and the voices of the men gradually growing louder and louder as the boat approaches, each man bending to his paddle in regular time as it passes us swiftly and gradually disappears in the darkness, and is soon lost to sight and hearing.

American News.

New York, Dec. 13.—The first annual mechanical toy exposition opened this afternoon at the Lennox Lyceum. Several thousand toys, many of new and novel design, are displayed.

New York, Dec. 12.—Fred Miller, the pedestrian, and his dog, who started to walk from San Francisco to New York on June 25, arrived her to-day. He states he met with no trouble except want of food when he crossed Arizona and New Mexico. Miller left Buffalo on election night. He brings cards and an entry book signed by postmasters along the route. He says all through New York state he was treated kindly. He looks well but says he is weary. He weighed 118 pounds to-day, being a loss of ten pounds since starting.

New York, Dec. 13.—Stocks opened firm at from 1-4 to 1 higher, the latter in Manhattan, which rose 128 on the statement that the company has the right to build a third track on Ninth avenue. Sugar sold 79 1-2 and 80 1-2, a dividend of 3 per cent.

Prof. Mendenhal's Report.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 13.—The annual report of Prof. Mendenhal, chief of the coast geodetic survey, is interesting. The report says the preliminary surveys needed for the location of the northeastern boundary line between the United States and Canada are nearing completion. Surveys have been begun for the location of the boundary line between California and Nevada, from Lake Tahoe to the Colorado river. Officers to survey have been sent to southeastern Alaska under instructions to co-operate with officers detailed by the Dominion of Canada in locating the boundary line between Alaska and British Columbia. In accordance with requests the survey has detailed an officer to act as a member of the board of engineers to devise a system of sewerage and draining for the streets of San Francisco and co-operate with the harbor lines commission of the state of Washington in the harbor surveys on Puget Sound.

"Condor" Beresford Ill.

London, Dec. 19.—Lord Charles Beresford is suffering from influenza.

Gompers' Enemies.

Chicago, Dec. 13.—The usual opposition to the re-election of Samuel Gompers as president of the American Federation of Labor began to make itself manifest this morning. The opposition is endeavoring to coalesce on M. R. Madden, a prominent local unionist, and one of the leaders of the typographical union. He has considerable popularity and recently won a great victory at the state federation convention at Galesburg over the forces of Gov. Altgeld. Gompers' opponents claim that his popularity is on the wane, that he was compelled to run three or four times before being elected a delegate to the present convention, although hitherto he has been able to get sufficient votes on the first ballot. Should Gompers be defeated, which is not probable, the headquarters of the organization will be moved from New York to Chicago.

The use of Hall's Hair Renewer promotes the growth of the hair, and restores its natural color and beauty, frees the scalp of dandruff, tetter, and all impurities.

Water From the Jordan.

A firm in Palestine is engaged in the new industry in supplying water from the river Jordan to churches. It is put up in sealed bottles, and is sold by the case. The circular accompanying this kind of merchandise gives certain recommendations from interested persons, together with a testimony that many members of the families belonging to the crowned heads of Europe were baptized with this water, says the Boston Transcript. The sentimentality involved in its use is likewise eloquently appealed to, with a concluding paragraph asking for a larger order.

Every precaution will be taken to assure the purchaser of its genuineness, and a consular certificate will be affixed to every case. Notwithstanding this, the opportunity to deceive will be great and will not be readily detected. What will be gained by the purchaser beyond a mere sentimentality is hard to see, and if this is all that can be said in its favor the sooner the Christian religion can make it known that it will not welcome such unnecessary links in its chain of evidence of any of its ceremonies, the better it will be able to identify itself with the reasonable side of its existence. Any sort of resignation or even parleying with sentimentality in religion, which once was well encouraged and made it oppressively superstitious, can never appeal to an enlightened Christian mind of to-day. It is just this which has given the opponents of Christian belief a freedom of assault.

There is no harm in making such importations of water from the Jordan and without duty, if need be, but what may be evolved out of its use and misconstrued as to its effects no one can tell, and how much demand there will be for such an article is a mere matter of conjecture. But even if it should become a "fad," it will be an introduction into a Christian sacrament of what must sooner or later be replaced with some other eccentricity, till the traffic with the Holy Land multiplies upon a gratification of a mere sentimentality that must ever and anon be eliminated from the Christian religion that its best and most attractive side may be left unburdened with any accessions which are of no consequence to its life and none at all to its significance.

Ecclay's Liver Lozenges are pleasant to take and efficient in action.

MONEY FOR YOU

The D. & L. Emulsion.

If taken in time it will cure most severe cases of Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, or chronic irritation of Throat or Lungs.

THUS YOU SAVE a heavy doctor's bill, loss of wages, much discomfort.

Anecdote of Sir Andrew Clark.

A great physician's reputation sometimes brings him more kicks than halfpence, or at any rate more trouble than fees. Sir Andrew Clark used to tell the following story: One day he received an urgent summons to go down to a small place on the south coast, and, as he never spared himself in the interest of the suffering, he took train for the place mentioned after finishing a hard day's work. On arriving at the station he found no one to meet him and no carriage or conveyance to be had. It was a wretched night, dark and wet; but he inquired his way and walked. The distance was considerable, a mile or two at least, and when he reached the place he was surprised to find a humble little house belonging to a very small farmer or cottager. However, it was all right; they had sent for Sir Andrew to see the daughter of the house, whom he found suffering from a severe attack of hysterics. This is not exactly a disease which the president of the college of physicians usually travels 120 miles to treat. But Sir Andrew said nothing, and did what he could with his usual care and kindness. When he prepared to go the mother approached him, beaming, and said, with perfect simplicity and good faith, "Well, Sir Andrew, you've been very kind; I think we must make it double." With which enigmatic words she placed in his hand a guinea, or it may have been two. Needless to say Sir Andrew thanked them gravely, shook hands, and departed with their blessings. —St. James's Gazette.

A Cute Old Bachelor.

An old bachelor who has just died in Paris in a house in the Boulevard Richard Lenoir, at the age of 87 years, hit upon an original idea for securing proper attention from his two servants in his declining years. Twelve years ago he went to his lawyer and made a will, under which he left the two women an annuity of £24 each, to be increased by £4 for every year that he should continue to live. The will has just been proved, and the legacies have been allowed at the rate of £82 a year each. The old man was in the habit of making great fun out of the motherly care with which he was looked after. "You may be quite sure," he would say, "that they will not let me die soon if they can help it." He seems to have overlooked the fact that it was clearly not to the interest of the women that he should survive them.

APPOINTED BY ROYAL WARRANT, SOAP MAKERS TO THE QUEEN

IF YOU USE SUNLIGHT YOU'RE RIGHT.

HAS NO EQUAL FOR LAUNDRY & HOUSEHOLD

Awarded 11 Gold Medals

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA:

BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING, VICTORIA B.C.

THE GREAT

Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.

Hudyan stops Premature ness of the discharge in 20 days.

Cures

BEFORE LOST MANHOOD AFTER

Constipation, Dizziness, Falling Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, Invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and developes and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Premature ness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialist of the old famous Hudyan Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent you free of all charges. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

1302 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

THE VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

Maps, Cheques, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
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Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS

Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

PORTRAITS

Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

If Others Failed

To put your watch in thorough and good running order, I will guarantee to do so, or charge you nothing.

C. TH. LUNDQUIST

Expert Watchmaker, 37 Fort St.,

Split-second, repeaters and chronographs my specialty. Terms as low as the lowest. Estimates cheerfully given. n14-tf

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general out look and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

NELSON, B. C.

(Mention this paper.)

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

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122 Government Street.

Private entrance on Pandora street.

Business strictly confidential. o19-tf

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

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Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

THE MAYORALTY.

To the Electors of Victoria:

I beg to intimate that I am a candidate for re-election as Mayor, and respectfully solicit your support.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

28th November, 1893.

MAYORALTY.

To the Voters of the City of Victoria:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the office of mayor for the ensuing year, and most respectfully solicit your votes and interest.

I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,

JOHN TEAGUE.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 27th, 1893. n27-4d

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, hereby announce that J. WRIGGLESWORTH has been appointed sole agent for the sale of our lime.

ATKINS BROS.
J. RAYMOND.
HODDY & JONES.
SAANICH LIME CO.

n26-1m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE MARSHALL HOMICIDE.

Case for the Crown Closed and the Defence Opens To-Day.

MARSHALL'S LAMP IS STILL BURNING

What the Burning Lamp May Tell—Conflicting Expert Testimony as to the Grooves on the Bullet—What O. B. Ackerman Says of Lucas.

As soon as court opened this morning judge, jury, counsel and prisoner went into an adjoining room, where Marshall's lamp was burning all night. Yesterday the lamp was filled with oil by Supt. Hussey in presence of the jury. It was then lighted and placed in the room next the law library. The registrar locked and sealed the door, the exact time being 22 minutes past 5. This morning at 28 minutes past 10 the lamp was burning, a little less than half the oil still remaining. The lamp was taken into the court room and placed on the registrar's desk, where it continued to burn brightly.

The attorney-general then stated that the case for the crown was closed.

Mr. Morrison made the opening address to the jury and showed what the defence would be. The evidence already given was entirely circumstantial, and his lordship would in due time explain the difference between that and direct evidence. There was no direct evidence that accused had done the deed. He could disprove a great deal of the evidence given by the witnesses for the crown, but a great portion of it would, of course, be corroborated. The prisoner could account for every moment of time between his parting with Porter on the afternoon of the 19th and arriving at Bartlett's hotel the same evening. Besides there was an entire absence of motive on the part of the accused, and the crown had absolutely failed to show what motive the prisoner might have had. The attorney-general had said it was a homicide for the purpose of robbery. If it was no traces of the crime had been found on or about the accused—no blood marks, no fruits of any robbery. Witnesses could be brought to show that the prisoner had had no desire to get suddenly rich, that he had been unjustly deprived of the little property his parents had left him by one who had a motive to get him quietly out of the way, and that the accused had not had an exclusive opportunity to commit the offence, as the deceased lived in a place where there was an ample opportunity for others to do the deed. It would be shown that Lucas had the revolver for a day and a night after Stroebel had given it up to him, and who could tell what he might have done with it? Lucas was unworthy of belief, and the jury would have to discard his evidence. There was no evidence to show that Marshall had been killed between 9 and 10 p. m., but there was a strong probability that the crime had been committed between 3 and 5 in the morning.

On the conclusion of Mr. Morrison's address the first witness for the defence was called.

O. B. Ackerman, a contractor residing at New Westminster, had known prisoner for about seven years. Had lived in Upper Sumas for four years. He had an excellent reputation, was sober and industrious. Knew Marshall's place, which adjoined land that witness owned. Had fished above and below Marshall's house and the fishing was good. Was in Sumas city about three weeks after Marshall's death and made an examination of the bedstead and mattress in Stroebel's room and the bullet hole in the wall. Had no difficulty in lifting the mattress. Placed a knife on the edge of the quilt on the mattress directly over the slat on which the bullets are said to have rolled, and the knife slid off on the slat. Then went to examine the ditch in the alley under Stroebel's window. The alley was an open one at both ends. Was in Sumas City shortly after the preliminary examination, when he had a conversation with Lucas about the Stroebel case. Witness said to Lucas: "I heard the evidence at the preliminary trial, and think they have very little against Stroebel." Lucas said he believed him guilty and hinted that witness was prejudiced through having known the prisoner for some time. Witness said he had known him some time and he had a good character. Lucas said: "I had been watching him for some time before the murder. I do not know whether they have evidence enough to hang him, but if they have not and he comes back to Sumas City I will make it d—d hot for the s—of a b—." Lucas told him he had done a great deal of detective work, that it became natural to him, as he had a brother who was a famous detective. He detailed his working up of the Stroebel case; said he saw Mrs. Bartlett go into Lawrence's office, that he (Lucas) crawled under the building and heard the conversation between Lawrence and Mrs. Bartlett. "Were it not for me," Lucas told witness, "Moresby would have made a botch of it."

Had considerable experience with firearms, having been one year in the American infantry and two years in the cavalry. Would not swear that any particular bullet came out of any particular revolver from indications on it caused by rust in the barrel unless he had seen it fired.

Witness then took the bullet which had been extracted from Marshall's head and explained to the jury that there were two marks on them very similar, with the exception that the one on the battered bullet ran almost parallel to the axis, while the one on the test bullet bore off angularly and was somewhat larger, as if one were shot from a revolver having a greater twist in the grooving of the barrel than the other. Moreover, when he gave the bullets a quarter turn to the left, the test bullet was found to be without a mark. On the old bullet were four perceptible creases that should show on the test bullet but did not. Did not think the bullets were fired from the same revolver. The revolver produced had six grooves or more. It was 38-calibre, that is, the bullet was 38-hundredths part of an inch in diameter. Knew Lucas had a very bad reputation and would not believe him on oath. Did not think he would believe Charles Bartlett on oath. Stevenson's reputation for veracity was not good.

Court adjourned until 2 o'clock.

After recess the witness was cross-examined by the attorney-general. The object of his visit to Sumas City was to investigate the matter. Had taken no more interest in the case than he would in the case of any other young man whom he believed to be innocent. At the last trial produced a lamp on which he had experimented; one similar to the Marshall lamp. He filled it with oil, and after burning it for 12 hours one-seventh of the oil was left. Deduced from this that Marshall's lamp could not have been lit before 1 o'clock on the 20th of April. Did not bring the lamp down because he had heard that Moresby had secured Marshall's lamp, and if any test were made he thought it would be with the latter. Did not think that he could have succeeded in making the penknife fall on the slat had he not pulled the mattress towards him after raising it.

The judge and jury then went into the adjoining room to enable the witness to show how he caused the penknife to slide on to the slat. The witness was fairly successful, after having tried four times, and being successful the last time. The mattress in court appeared to him to fit more tightly than the one he saw at Sumas, as in the latter case he could put his fingers between the mattress and the bedstead, while that could not be done with the mattress in court. The jury again retired to see the slat which witness said was nailed to the side pieces to support the mattress.

Witness, continuing: Enlisted in the United States army in 1862; was supplied with two revolvers besides other weapons. Had in the army often seen bullets extracted from bodies. Had a long experience with Smith & Wesson revolvers. Did not think the similarity between the two bullets produced was greater than that between any two bullets fired out of a rusty revolver. Both were 38; both might or might not be Smith & Wesson. Disagreed with Mr. Webb when he said that the Smith & Wesson was the only cartridge that had the rim inside the shell. Thought the Dominion cartridge had the same peculiarity. The cartridge produced (probably Dominion) was very similar to the Smith & Wesson 38, but not the same make. Rust would collect lead in the barrel, and a subsequent shot would not be likely to drive out the lead. The character of the grooves in a rusty revolver would not be altered perceptibly by giving a number of shots. The cross-examination of the witness will probably not be concluded before 6 o'clock.

SEELY OBJECTED

To the Transfer of the Bay View Saloon License.

The licensing court sat this afternoon in the police court, Mayor Beaven and Magistrate Macrae presiding. There was no objection either to the removal of licenses or to the transfer of the same, and everything went very smoothly until Mr. Yates, on behalf of J. J. Ridehalgh, applied for continuation of temporary transfer to John Roberts. This license is held for the Bay View saloon.

The court was quite taken by surprise to see a person in the audience jump to his feet. It was James Seely, owner of the Bay View saloon.

Mr. Seely—I object to the transfer. John Roberts is not a tenant.

Mr. Yates—What has Mr. Seely to do with the matter?

Magistrate Macrae—How do we know you?

Mayor Beaven—Who is the owner of the property?

Mr. Seely—I am the owner.

A notice sent by Mr. Seely to the holder of the license requesting him to vacate the premises was produced.

Magistrate Macrae—We do not know anything of Mr. Seely in the matter.

Mr. Yates—Mr. Seely cannot prevent a transfer; he can turn the tenant out afterwards.

The court then went on with the granting of licenses, and when they had reached the end the Seely objection was taken up.

Mr. Yates maintained that Mr. Seely had no valid objection. Mr. Seely would have to prove that the person was not a fit man.

Mr. Seely contended that the court had no right to transfer a license to a man not a tenant. He had given Ridhalgh notice to quit the first of January.

The court explained that Mr. Seely would have his remedy. He could turn out the tenant, but the ownership of the property had nothing to do with the transfer.

The permit was granted and the court adjourned.

The Cherokee Bonds.

Tahlequah, I.T., Dec. 13.—The chief of the Cherokee nation has withdrawn all opposition to the sale of the $6,640,000 Cherokee bonds, and will render all assistance in his power to forward their sale. Authorized agents will go east to sell the bonds.

My, the Crush of Customers

At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the Iron church, Douglas street.

—Buy Christmas and New Year Wines from the California Wine Co., Ltd., 55 and 57 Broad street.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

MITCHELL INTENDS TO TRAIN.

Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 13.—Charley Mitchell, the pugilist, has written a friend here saying he will certainy train in the vicinity of Jacksonville for the coming contest. He will reach here by Christmas.

PUGILISTS IN CUSTODY.

Crown Point, Ind., Dec. 13.—The cases of Dominick O'Halley, ex-manager of the pugilistic club at Roby, and of Costello and Woods, who were arrested in September last at the conclusion of their fight by order of the state authorities, are on the docket for trial in the circuit court to-day. The defense has a strong array of counsel and the state will make a vigorous effort to secure a conviction.

MACAULIFFE ACCEPTS.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—Jack McAuliffe has accepted Young Mitchell's challenge for a limited boxing contest. The men will meet shortly to complete arrangements.

WILL SPAR DELANEY.

Mike Quilligan has expressed a willingness to spar with Paddy Delaney and will if he desires meet him at the rooms of the Pastime club this evening. He is willing to box eight or ten rounds. The men are of about the same weight.

THE TURF.

STARTS TO-MORROW.

The Broadmead farm mare, Marcelle, has been entered for the Brown steeplechase, 1 1-4 miles, to be run at the Bay District track, San Francisco, to-morrow. On Saturday she will run for the Norfolk stakes, one mile; the following Thursday she will take part in the race for the Quintan stakes, 1 1-8 miles. On Saturday, December 23rd, she runs in the Thornton handicap, 1 1-4 miles, and on the 30th she will try for the Nagle handicap, 1 1-16 miles. There are good purses for each of the foregoing races and it is thought by her owners that Marcelle stands a good chance of winning some of them.

BILLIARDS.

THE BIG THREE.

New York, Dec. 13.—Billiard players are in a flutter of excitement over the match that opens here this afternoon between the "Big Three," Schaefer, Ives and Slosson, for a purse of $1,500, the winner taking 50 per cent. of the gate receipts. Schaefer is the favorite, although Slosson has many admirers. In view of the "anchor nurse," as played in the recent Chicago match between Ives and Schaefer, Maurice Daly has decided to have the cloth changed every night. This will do away as far as possible with the chance of any position on the rail that will permit any anchor trickery.

Brief Locals.

—The charity concert at the Young Ladies' Institute on Thursday night will doubtless be well patronized. A large number of tickets have been sold.

—The sale of the barge Spratt's Ark to George Byrnes has been completed and the vessel turned over. The price is stated to have been $5000, a bargain. It is not known who will command the Ark.

—The big electric light pole at the corner of Government and Yates streets was successfully taken down to-day. A temporary derrick was erected, the pole sawed off at the bottom and then lowered to the street.

—The appeal in Mathieson vs. Pollock et al., came on for argument in the divisional court to-day. It was ordered that the case stand over for the appellants to furnish security before Wednesday and pay the costs. In default the appeal will be dismissed.

—The Agnes McDonald was successfully hauled out on Turpel's ways to-day. She is without doubt the finest model ever seen in these waters. She was viewed by a number of sealers and seafaring men after the operation. Her model was designed by Burgess, the American yacht builder. It took three hours to put her on the ways. A special cradle was built by Mr. Turpel.

—The option on the charter of the British Pacific railway which Frank Bakeman and associates have from R. P. Rithet and the provisional directors of the company will expire at noon on Saturday, Dec. 30th. It is said that a syndicate will take the scheme over if Mr. Bakeman will surrender a four-fifths interest in it. He is holding off, rumor further has it, with the hope of being able to carry the scheme through on his own account. It is not believed that the option on contract will be extended.

MARRIED.

TAYLOR-ARMSTRONG—On December 13, at the Cathedral, New Westminster, by the Lord Bishop of New Westminster, Miss Frances Ella, second daughter of the late Mr. G. Armstrong, to Arthur Williamson, second son of the Rev. J. J. Taylor, vicar of South Shields, England.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—H H Hanson, S M Ellis and wife, F M Rattenbury, W H Dwyer, J Sheehy, T O Wilkins, Miss Grant, W J Cusack, B Barneson, R M Kass, E L Harrison, W Devereux, H E Crossdale, J Powley, W Strickett, E Porter, J Coyle, O V Deane, T A Graham, A R W Blythe; J G Hughes, Mrs Brodrick and daughter, F George, J Thompson, E Brown, F C Deane, E W Vest, M O Mears, and wife, F J Curry, Miss Emerson, Jap, A Saugher, B Hastings, Jno Johnson.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Mrs Langdale, C Crowley, J Christiansen, F R Stewart, J H Holland, L J Rose, E A Jenns, Miss Haynes, E Cadwallader, D Stewart, G Knowles, E Mohun, W Miller, R A Anderson, R L Cawston, Miss Mann, A C Clark, H V Weir, D F Lees, F Boscombe, G H Dawson, Norman MacLean, Mrs Thompson, Miss R Mann.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—R Ward & Co, J Johnston, J A T Caton, E A Morris, S Reid, Order T B & Co, H Saunders, *z o* Armour & Co, Gilmore & McC, Nat Elec Co, H Bostock, Weiler Bros, Kurtz & Co, Order E G P & Co, C E Jones, Langley & Co, J Piercy & Co, S H E Co, S Shore, Fell & Co, St. Josephs Hospital, E Wall & Co, S Hansen, T Earle, Col Ind Rev, Aitice & Ault, R P Rithet, Geo. Morrison, Lenz & Leiser, T B Pearson, A B Erskine, Weiler Bros, Pennock & Lowe, D Spencer, S Leiser, Colonist Co, Turner B & Co, Hudson Bay Co, Wm Grimm, Valo & Brooks, Cochrane & Munn, B Williams, J H Baker, Dom Cart Co, E C Baker, G A McCulloch, John Boyd, J W Crocker, Nat Elec Co, Ramsay Bros, L V Bond, Watson & Geiger, Wm Thompson, Wood & Orr, W B Bruce, M R Smith, Dom Exp Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—L & S, J A T C, T B P & Co, H Y, B C Iron Works Co, Leonard & J, Valo & B, Globe Bible Pub Co, J Sommers, E Anderseast, M R & Tye, S Leiser, Imp Oil Co, Thos Earle, M O Mears, J & A Clearihue, J Wilson, M W Gill, J W Todd & Son, H Saunders, E E Welch, E E Blackwood, N E T & L Co, W G Murray, C N Owen, W Carmichael Co, Steve O'Brien, M R Freeman, Dr Milne.

Drums, Guns, Pistols, Cannons,

Daggers, swords and air rifles, kid dolls, flannel dolls, hair stuffed dolls, talking dolls, crying dolls, laughing dolls, and dolls, rocking horses, hobby horses, platform horses, wooden horses and velocipedes, doll carriages, express wagons, wheelbarrows and every description of toys and fancy goods for Xmas presents known at Russell & McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

The Japanese Bazaar

Twenty Cases New Goods now Being Opened.

Also from PARIS, FRANCE.

A choice assorted case of beautifully dressed..... | DOLLS DOLLS

FANS | Fashionable Feather and other FANS | Fans .....

The Finest quality only of ..... | KID GLOVES KID GLOVES

CORSETS | from the world-renowned firm CORSETS | of H. Leprince, Paris.....

Sainsbury's Lavender Water.

The sweetest and most lasting of Handkerchief Perfumes, to be had only of

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort St., Victoria.

dec9

XMAS IS COMING!

FOR

Cakes and Confectionery

HENRY CLAY,

39 Fort Street, The Old Reliable,

Is now showing the largest collection of Cakes, Plum Puddings and Confectionery in the city.

Cakes selected will be ornamented as desired.

The only practical and A1 Confectioner in the city.

Dec. 7-2w.

CAMERON

SCORES TWO POINTS.

Both are telling points and need but little explanation.

FIRST POINT:

The Price.

This always does and always will point in a downward direction.

SECOND POINT:

Here the point is reversed, not once but always

The Quality.

This point is upwards. Would you know the cause?—then call at once and see our stock of

Clothing

And

Furnishings—Men's and Boys'.

The reason will soon be made clear. The only cash house in the city.

Cameron,

55 Johnson Street.

We are Having A Great Run

ON OUR

Xmas Cards and Booklets

And the opinion is frankly offered by every one who sees them that this year's display is the FINEST we have ever made, which is saying a good deal for

Jamieson,

Next to Post Office.

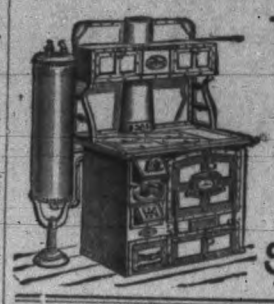
A GOOD CHANCE!

CHEAP LUMBER FOR CASH ONLY.

I have received instructions from the assignees to sell the stock of Hughitt & McIntyre, now in the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, at greatly reduced prices. The stock is too well known for further comment.

S. F. McINTOSH,

Rock Bay Coal and Wood Yard.



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Reading Lamps

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SEE THEIR MAJESTIC RANGES

If You Have your cloth bought you can have it made up at R. J. Matthews' at lowest prices. Suits from $13.00; Pants from $2.75. Satisfaction guaranteed.

R. J. MATTHEWS, 101 Douglas St.

Xmas 1893.

GRAND OPENING AT WEILER BROS, ON FRIDAY EVENING, December 15th, when their ENORMOUS STOCK of SEASONABLE PRESENTS will be displayed throughout their entire establishment.

DO NOT FORGET IT: Friday, December 15th; and ask for a special Xmas Pamphlet.

W. H. PERRY,

Builders' Hardware,

Stoves,

Tinware and

Graniteware,

Sheet Metal Works,

Cornice Work,

Sky-Lights

And Roofing.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE. 42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

The Last of our Fall Consignments

OF

Carpets

HAS ARRIVED and we are now in a position to show one of the most complete lines in the city. These goods have been carefully selected and in quality, colorings and designs are unsurpassed by any in the province. We do not confine ourselves to any one manufacturer, but buy where we get best prices and patterns. We do not advertise to give goods away, or sell below cost, but we do guarantee to give as good (if not better) value than any other house in the trade. In Brussels, Wiltons, Tapestries, Wools and Union Carpets we show a choice range.

In Lace and Chenille Curtains our line is complete and comprises a number of makes which space will not allow us to enumerate. Our stock of Upholstering was never more complete. Six piece Parlor Sets ranging from $50 up.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.

Genuine Macintoshes

A large assortment of these reliable Waterproof Coats for Men and Boys just received from the celebrated house of Chas. Macintosh & Co.

On Sale at

W. & J. WILSON'S, GOVERNMENT ST., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.